External and Distance Learning
Affairs Unit
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وحدة شئون الاتصال والتعليم عن بعد
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ELCA 102
Practice Tests with Answer Key
نماذج اختبارات تدريبية لكل وحدات
المنهج مع نماذج الإجابات
Disclaimer

These practice tests are designed to help you practice the main skills for this course but it does not substitute for the course books. Students should refer to their course books as the main source for the course content.

To practice listening, use the Workbook CD or visit the book’s website:
http://www.headwayplusonline.com

To find all the needed information about the course syllabus, course description, vocabulary list, and some exam samples from previous years, go to the following link:
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ELCA 102

Course Description

- Books/Units:
  - New Headway Plus (Special Edition)
    - Pre-intermediate
      - Units: 3- 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9- 10- 11- 12
  - New Headway Plus (Special Edition)
    - Intermediate
      - Units: 3- 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9- 10- 12
Choose the correct answer

I. Vocabulary:

1- Did Sarah ___________ you to her wedding?
   a- invitation
   b- invite
   c- invited
   d- invites

2- Mona is a very ___________ girl.
   a- beautiful
   b- beauty
   c- beautifully
   d- beautify

3- You must ___________ your handwriting.
   a- improved
   b- improve
   c- improvement
   d- improving
   e-

4- A good Muslim should not be ___________ polite.
   a- in
   b- il
   c- im
   d- un

5- Salim does not have a job. He is ____________.
   a- employer
   b- employed
   c- employment
d- unemployed

6- I __________ reading English books.
   a- enjoy
   b- explain
   c- help
   d- care

7- All the students like Ms. Amal. She is a very __________ teacher.
   a- lazy
   b- friendly
   c- dangerous
   d- impatient

8- Mona Zaki is a __________ actress. Everyone likes her films.
   a- guilty
   b- possible
   c- famous
   d- bad

9- You should be __________ when you drive your car at night.
   a- careful
   b- helpful
   c- important
   d- beautiful

10- Your room is __________. You must clear up that mess.
    a- tidy
    b- untidy
    c- unfair
    d- impolite

11- Writers use their __________ to write interesting stories.
    a- imagination
    b- enjoyment
    c- difference
d- organization

12- She could not find her passport because her room is completely___________.
   a- illegal
   b- messy
   c- impossible
   d- impolite

13- Shakespeare and Ernest Hemingway are ___________ writers. They are known all over the world.
   a- careless
   b- explain
   c- famous
   d- guilty

14- The teacher ___________ the points that were not clear and the students understood the lesson.
   a- explained
   b- had
   c- invited
   d- enjoyed

II. Grammar

1- I ___________ arrive early yesterday.
   a- don’t
   b- doesn’t
   c- didn’t
   d- done

2- Amna: When ___________ you ___________ to Cairo?
   Mahasen: A year ago.
   a- did / travel
   b- did / travelled
   c- do / travel
d- does / travel

3- While I was cooking, the bell __________.
   a- ring
   b- rang
   c- ringing
   d- rung

4- It __________ when I woke up this morning.
   a- is raining
   b- rains
   c- were raining
   d- was raining

5- I __________ Suha while I __________ in London.
   a- was meeting / living
   b- met / was living
   c- met / live
   d- met / am living

6- What __________ at this time yesterday?
   a- you were doing
   b- were you doing
   c- did you doing
   d- are you doing

7- I met him __________ six yesterday.
   a- on
   b- at
   c- in
   d- of

8- Sarah and I __________ in the street when we __________ a little child crying.
   a- walked / were seeing
   b- walks / saw
c- were walking / saw

d- walking / seeing

9- What ___________ from 6 to 8 yesterday?
   a- did he do
   b- was he doing
   c- he did
   d- he was doing

10- While he ___________ his car, he ___________ at the gas station.
    a- was driving / stopped
    b- drove / was stopping
    c- drives / stopped
    d- didn't drive / stop

11- ___________ I was sitting in a meeting, my mobile rang.
    a- Before
    b- When
    c- While
    d- After

12- A:  What ________________ at 5 yesterday?
       B: I was watching TV.
    a- do you do
    b- was doing
    c- were you doing
    d- did you do

13- We were having breakfast when she ________________ into the room.
    a- walked
    b- walking
    c- was walking
    d- walks
I. Reading:
Read the following passage then answer the questions below

Passage 1
The Floating Markets of Bangkok

Bangkok, the capital of Thailand, is a city of contrasts. The tall glass buildings look like any other modern city. But behind them is a place where life hasn’t changed for over 100 years - the canals. Built in 1866 by the King of Thailand, these canals are home to many Thai people who still live and work there today. There are four floating markets around Bangkok and the oldest and most popular is in the town of Damonen Saduak.

This market opens every day from 6.30 a.m. It’s best to shop early and go by water taxi. After 9 a.m. the tourist buses arrive, and it’s much too busy.

It’s a colourful, noisy, fascinating place. Old ladies with huge hats sit in small boats, filled with tropical fruit and vegetables, fresh coconut juice and local food. Did you miss your breakfast? Then just call a seller for a bowl of hot soup. He’ll get it from a cooker at the back of his boat!

But the boats don’t just sell food. Would you like a traditional hat? A silk dress?
A flowered shirt? Then just call and point. After the noise and excitement of the market, continue along the canal. Soon you’ll see the wooden houses, orchards, and floating flowers of the canal villages. It’s a lovely, peaceful way to finish your trip.

1-Bangkok is a city of contrasts because ________________.
a- it has new buildings and old markets  
b- it has wooden houses and orchards  
c- it has old ladies who wear huge hats  
d- the boats do not just sell food

2- The canals were built by ________________.
   a- Thai People  
   b- the King of Thailand  
   c- old ladies  
   d- Damonen Saduk 

3- What is the best way to go to the market?  
a- By plane.  
b- By train.  
c- In a water taxi.  
d- On the tourist bus. 

4- In paragraph 3, line 3, the pronoun "He" refers to ________________.
   a- an old lady  
   b- the King of Thailand  
   c- a seller  
   d- the market 

5- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?  
a- The boats sell old clothes and huge hats.  
b- The boats sell hot soup and glass buildings.  
c- The boats sell cookers at the back of the boats.  
d- The boats sell local food and coconut juice. 

Passage 2 
A Perfect Day in Provence

Every Sunday in a small town called Isle-sur-Ia-Sorgue in southern France there is a truly amazing market. Isle-sur-Ia-Sorgue is like Venice.
The River Sorgue runs in and out of the old narrow streets and under the many bridges, and on market day every street and bridge is packed with stalls. From early morning, this sleepy little town becomes a noisy, busy place, with sellers calling to you in the accent of the south.

You can choose from an amazing selection of olives, hundreds of cheeses, and delicious roast chickens. But it is not just a food market. Antique sellers fill the pavements with beautiful old French furniture, and there are tables covered with antique lace and cloth. Flower sellers invite you to pick from their brightly coloured bunches of flowers. The air is filled with the smell of soaps, herbs, and lavender, all made and grown in Provence. Do you need a sun hat? Did you forget your beach towel? Your choices are endless.

Travellers fill their backpacks with delicious things for Sunday lunch: olive bread, tomatoes, chicken, melon and, of course, a bottle of local mineral water. At 1 o’clock everything closes, and everyone goes home. Then it’s time to find a cool place next to the river for a perfect picnic on a perfect day in Provence.

1- “Isle-sur-la-Sorgue” is the name of the ________________.
   a- town
   b- river
   c- bridge
   d- street

2- The market opens from ________________.
   a- the early morning until 1 o’clock
   b- 1 o’clock until the end of the day
   c- 1 o’clock until late in the evening
   d- early morning until after mid night

3- Antique sellers have ________________.
   a- sun hats and beach towels
   b- soaps, herbs and lavender
   c- cheese and roast chicken
   d- furniture, lace and cloth
4- Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**?
   a- All week, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.
   b- On Sunday, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.
   c- In southern France, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.
   d- In Venice, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.

5- Which one of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?
   a- The smell of the brightly coloured bunches of flowers fill the air.
   b- The market sells food, antiques, sun hats and beach towels.
   c- Travellers fill their backpacks with delicious food for Sunday lunch.
   d- After the market closes, you can have a perfect picnic near the river.

**Passage 3**

**The Souks of Marrakech**

Marrakech in Morocco is a city of ancient, sand-coloured buildings and palm trees in the middle of the desert.

In the centre is the main square, Jemaa el Fna. Here you can see snakes and drink Moroccan coffee. But behind the square is the real heart of the city. This is the souk (the Arabic word for market). Hundreds of little shops and stalls are open from early morning till lunchtime, and again in the evening. The souk, with its narrow, busy streets, is divided into lots of smaller souks. There’s the aromatic spice souk, the noisy meat souk, the colourful clothing souk, the gold and silver souk, and many more.

Finally, there’s the carpet souk. Here, hundreds of handmade Moroccan rugs and carpets cover the pavements. No two rugs are the same. In Mr. Youssef’s rug shop, he invites you to sit down among all the beautiful carpets. A silver teapot arrives with little glasses and Mr. Youssef talks about the different rugs, while his assistants roll them out one by one.
Two hours later, after many glasses of traditional mint tea and lots of bargaining, you finally choose your rug and leave much poorer. Then it's time to return to the main square to watch the snakes and count your money.

1- In paragraph 1, line 1, the word “ancient” means ________________.
   a- new and modern
   b- palm trees
   c- very old
   d- sand-coloured

2- Where can you see snakes and drink Moroccan coffee?
   a- In the spice souk.
   b- Next to the narrow streets.
   c- In the main square.
   d- Behind the main square.

3- In paragraph 3, line 4, the pronoun “them” refers to ________________.
   a- assistants
   b- rugs
   c- souks
   d- little glasses

4- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?
   a- The souk does not open in the evening.
   b- The streets in the souk are wide and quiet.
   c- Market is the Arabic word for souk.
   d- The souk is divided into many smaller souks.

5- Which one of the following statements is NOT TRUE?
   a- In the carpet souk, all the rugs are the same.
   b- In the carpet souk, there are hundreds of rugs and carpets.
   c- In the carpet souk, rugs and carpets are handmade.
   d- You can drink traditional mint tea in Mr. Youssef’s shop.
II. Vocabulary

1- He went to the _____________ to put the money in his account.
   a- pharmacy
   b- clothes shop
   c- café
   d- bank

2- I had a headache, so I bought Panadol tablets from the _____________.
   a- clothes shop
   b- bank
   c- pharmacy
   d- news agent’s

3- That _______________ sells delicious doughnuts.
   a- newsagent’s
   b- café
   c- clothes shop
   d- pharmacy

4- There are some interesting magazines at that _______________.
   a- pharmacy
   b- clothes shop
   c- bank
   d- news agent’s

5- Hassan bought _______________ from a clothes shop in Tahlia Street.
   a- a shirt and a tie
   b- a conditioner and a deodorant
   c- flu tablets and tissues
   d- some newspapers and magazines

6- I like this sweater. _______________
   a- I have a bad cold.
b- It fits me very well.
c- I'm looking for Today's edition of Okaz.
d- I'll have an espresso.

7- Salem went to the ________________ to get some shaving foam.
   a- pharmacy
   b- news agent's
   c- bank
   d- café

8- Do you have a shirt like this in ________________?
   a- small
   b- big
   c- red
   d- change

9- I'm going to buy some tissues from the nearest ________________.
   a- clothes shop
   b- bank
   c- café
   d- pharmacy

10- This dress is too small. Do you have a ________________ one?
    a- bigger
    b- smaller
    c- cheaper
    d- warmer

III. Grammar

1- How ________________ money do you have?
   a- many
   b- much
   c- a lot of
   d- any
2- Would you like to have ______________ coffee?  
   a- any  
   b- much  
   c- some  
   d- many  

3- There are ______________ tomatoes left, but not ______________.  
   a- a little / much  
   b- a few / many  
   c- a few / much  
   d- a lot of / much  

4- We haven’t got ______________ biscuits.  
   a- some  
   b- a little  
   c- much  
   d- any  

5- There is ______________ big supermarket near my house.  
   a- a  
   b- an  
   c- the  
   d- some  

6- What’s ______________ name of the restaurant you went to last night?  
   a- an  
   b- the  
   c- any  
   d- a  

7- I went to ______________ England in the summer.  
   a- ------  
   b- a  
   c- for
8- Milk _____________ good for your health.
   a- are
   b- is
   c- am
   d- be

9- I'm going _____________ home.
   a- for
   b- ----
   c- at
   d- the

10- What _____________ amazing artist she is!
   a- an
   b- a
   c- some
   d- the

11- Can you buy _____________ bread and cheese for the picnic, if you want to help!
   a- any
   b- some
   c- lot of
   d- a lots of

12- There's _____________ oil in the bottle. We can't prepare dinner.
    a- a few
    b- much
    c- a little
    d- a lot of

13- _____________ gold is very expensive.
    a- no article
    b- the
c- a

d- any

**IV. Everyday English**

1- Nawal: Where did you buy that sweater?
   Basma: From a ______________ near my house.
   a- café
   b- pharmacy
   c- clothes shop
   d- a news agent’s

2- Ahmad: Can I try this shirt on?
   The shopkeeper: Of course. ______________
   a- How would you like to pay?
   b- How much is it?
   c- The changing rooms are over there.
   d- You don’t have enough change.

3- Wiam: Do you have this skirt in blue?
   Reem: Yes, what ______________ are you?
   a- medium
   b- size
   c- colour
   d- big

4- Ali: ______________
   Shopkeeper: It’s 50 Riyals.
   a- How much is this shirt?
   b- Can I help you?
   c- How would you like to pay?
   d- What size are you?

5- Shopkeeper: Can I help you?
   Waheed: ______________
   a- It’s 70 riyals.
b- I'm just looking, thanks.
c- What size are you?
d- Here you are.

6- Rami: I'd like some chocolate cake, please.
   Waiter: ____________________.
   a- I'm afraid there isn't any left
   b- The changing rooms are over there
   c- It fits you very well
   d- You can take these tablets three times a day.

7- Shopkeeper: ____________________
   Basil: Cash.
   a- What size are you?
   b- How can I help you?
   c- Would you like anything else?
   d- How would you like to pay?

8- Majed: Can you help me? I've got a bad stomachache.
   Pharmacist: ____________________.
   a- OK. You can take these tablets twice a day
   b- It's over there, on the middle shelf
   c- We've got some delicious carrot cake
   d- We don't have this sweater in green.

9- Hazim: Good morning. Can I have a __________________, please?
   Waiter: Certainly. I'll bring you an espresso in a few minutes.
   a- sandwich
   b- doughnut
   c- espresso
   d- carrot cake

10- John: Why did you go to the __________________?
    Michel: I needed to send a parcel to my aunt in Qatar.
   a- bank
   b- clothes shop
I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The children of Gaza

For the children of Gaza Strip, getting an education isn’t easy. There are 640 schools for nearly \( \frac{1}{2} \) million students, and schools have two shifts a day – some children have classes in the evenings. School buildings and surrounding roads are often closed, and going to school can be impossible for long periods.

However, a good education still comes first in most Gazan parents’ ambitions for their children, and among 15-24-year-olds literacy is 98.2%, higher than in America.

“The children really want to learn, and they are tough here”, said one teacher. Teachers persuade young people to come to school rather than get involved in the protests and fighting. “We try to explain that there are other ways to fight for our rights, through our words, and through learning and teaching others about what’s happening, by helping each other.”

The young people of Gaza can’t go abroad, and they need to feel that the world can hear their voices. In 2010, with The Gaza Mono-Logues project of ASHTAR Theatre, children in Gaza had the opportunity to record their experiences of life. On October 17th, they read their monologues aloud on the sea shore, and then sent them on papers boats
across the sea. Later that day, 1000 young people presented the monologues in 50 cities across the world.

Choose the correct answer:

1- Getting education is very __________ for children of Gaza.
   a- easy
   b- difficult
   c- interesting
   d- cheap

2- There are about __________ schools in Gaza Strip.
   a- 460
   b- 640
   c- 64
   d- 604

3- Schools in Gaza have __________ shifts a day.
   a- four
   b- three
   c- two
   d- one

4- Gazan parents __________.
   a- don’t want their children to learn
   b- want their children to learn
   c- can’t afford sending their children to schools
   d- want their children to work and help them

5- Young people of Gaza want the world to __________.
   a- be rich
   b- sing songs with them
   c- hear their voices
   d- give them money
6- The Gaza Mono-Logues project of ASHTAR Theatre was in __________.
   a- 2010
   b- 2009
   c- 2008
   d- 2011

7- Which of the following statements is TRUE?
   a- Children of Gaza didn’t have the opportunity to record their experiences in life.
   b- They read their monologues on TV.
   c- They sent their monologues by plane.
   d- 1000 young people presented the monologues in 50 cities.

8- Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?
   a- Teachers encourage young people to get involved in the fighting.
   b- Gazan children want to learn at schools.
   c- School buildings and roads are often closed in Gaza.
   d- The young people of Gaza can’t go abroad.

9- The pronoun “their” in paragraph 2 refers to __________
   a- education
   b- ambitions
   c- Gazan parents
   d- Children

10- The pronoun “they” in paragraph 4 refers to __________
    a- teachers
    b- young people
    c- Gaza
    d- voices

II. Vocabulary

1- We’re __________ a picnic next weekend. Would you like to come?
   a- going
b- having
c- doing
d- coming

2- My sister ___________ first in the last race.
   a- did
   b- came
   c- had
   d- goes

3- If you work hard, your dreams can ___________ true.
   a- go
   b- have
   c- come
   d- do

4- Let’s ___________ shopping tonight.
   a- to go
   b- go
   c- have
   d- come

5- He ___________ a car accident last week.
   a- came
   b- went
   c- had
   d- make

6- Why don’t we ___________ out for a meal tonight.
   a- go
   b- have
   c- come
   d- take

7- ___________ and see me. I miss you so much.
   a- Come
8- All the workers are ___________ a meeting with their manager now.
   a- making
   b- going
   c- having
   d- doing

9- I always ___________ to school by bus.
   a- bring
   b- come
   c- play
   d- take

10- They can't ___________ abroad. They do not have a holiday.
    a- leave
    b- take
    c- have
    d- go

11- Ali did not go to school. He ___________ a bad cold
    a- had
    b- come
    c- get
    d- went

12- The girls ___________ a great time with their new friend Noora.
    a- come
    b- had
    c- get
    d- go
III. Grammar

1- We’d like ___________ to Dubai for our summer holiday.
   a- going
   b- to go
   c- are going
   d- go

2- Sally hopes ___________ a doctor.
   a- to be
   b- for being
   c- being
   d- be

3- I’m looking forward to ___________ you.
   a- see
   b- saw
   c- seeing
   d- have seen

4- Ahmad finished ___________ his homework early.
   a- do
   b- to do
   c- doing
   d- does

5- A: Which dress do you want, the blue one or the black?
   B: ___________ the black one.
   a- I’ll take
   b- I’m take
   c- I taking
   d- Take

6- A: Why are you cooking so much food?
   B: ___________ a party tomorrow.
   a- I had
b- I’m going to have  
c- I’ll have  
d- I have had

7- A: The phone is ringing!  
    B: Ok __________ it.  
    a- I am going to answer  
    b- I’ll answer  
    c- I answer  
    d- I no answer

8- A: Would you like to come with me for a walk?  
    B: Yes, __________  
    a- I do  
    b- I would  
    c- I don’t  
    d- I wouldn’t

9- They aren’t __________ married in June.  
    a- going to get  
    b- going  
    c- going to  
    d- go

10- My parents are thinking of __________ to another house.  
    a- moving  
    b- move  
    c- to move  
    d- moved

11- They really want ________________ hard to get the best mark.  
    a- work  
    b- working  
    c- to working  
    d- to work
12- Next summer, I ________________ to London. My brother lives there. I have already bought the ticket.
   a- will
   b- is going to travel
   c- going to travel
   d- am going to travel

13- Scientists say the Earth ________________ suffer seriously if we continue polluting the air.
   a- is going
   b- will
   c- will be
   d- are going to

14- I ________________ to drink some tea now.
   a- love
   b- likes
   c- would love
   d- would

IV. Everyday English: Choose the correct answers:

1- A: What’s the matter? 
   B: __________
   a- I will listen to the news on the radio.
   b- It’s better to leave early and come tomorrow.
   c- I feel nervous because I have an exam today.
   d- How nice of you to help me with my homework.

2- A: I don’t feel very well.
   B: __________
   a- You have to work hard.
   b- Can you finish your work?
   c- Why don’t you have some rest?
d- Why did you come late today?

3- A: __________
   B: Good luck! Do your best.
a- I don’t feel very well.
b- I'm fed up with this course.
c- She doesn’t like fish, but she likes chicken.
d- I’ve got an exam today.

4- A: My grandfather’s going into hospital for tests.
   B: __________
a- I’m sorry to hear that, but I’m sure he’ll be all right.
b- Why don’t you stay at home?
c- Nothing is going right in my life.
d- Poor you! That happens to me sometimes. I just read in bed.

5- A: __________
   B: I know. We really need some sunshine, don’t we?
a- That’s great. Have a good time.
b- That’s good. I’m pleased to hear that.
c- I’m fed up with this weather.
d- I feel really depressed at the moment.

_______________________________________

Test 4
Unit 6 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Vocabulary: Choose the correct answers:

1- Ali’s bedroom is very___________. He doesn’t clean it at all.
   a- lovely
   b- messy
   c- tidy
   d- modern
2- A: Sally’s family is very rich.
   B: Yes, they are really __________.
      a- horrible
      b- expensive
      c- wealthy
      d- poor

3- A: This movie is really boring.
   B: I know. I'm really __________ with it.
      a- fed up
      b- brilliant
      c- interested
      d- mean

4- A: The weather is lovely today.
   B: Yes, it’s very __________.
      a- horrible
      b- beautiful
      c- awful
      d- boring

5- A: Paris has a lot of new buildings.
   B: Yes, they are really __________.
      a- old
      b- modern
      c- kind
      d- cheap

6- A: The food was awful in this restaurant.
   B: Yes, it wasn’t __________ at all.
      a- nice
      b- rich
      c- mean
      d- horrible

7- A: This book is very boring.
B: I don't agree with you. It's very __________.
   a- terrible
   b- awful
   c- mean
   d- interesting

8- Bill Gates is one of the most __________ people in the world. He made a lot of money.
   a- brilliant
   b- stupid
   c- bored
   d- expensive

9- A: Is your Arabic teacher old?
   B: No, she's very __________.
   a- like
   b- funny
   c- young
   d- fat

10- There are many ____________ people in India.
    a- bored
    b- expensive
    c- cheap
    d- poor

11- A: Mary's uncle is very rich."
    B: "Yes, he is really ____________, isn't he?
    a- modern
    b- messy
    c- wealthy
    d- poor

12- A: "Dubai has hundreds of new buildings."
    B: "Yes, it is a very ____________ city"
a- modern  
b- brilliant  
c- messy  
d- tidy

13- A: "Larry's office is always untidy."
    B: "That's true; it is very __________ all the time."
    a- wealthy  
b- clean  
c- messy  
d- modern

14- A: "Henry is not wealthy, but he is very kind."
    B: "Of course, he is __________."
    a- modern  
b- bored  
c- fed up  
d- generous

15- A: "What an awful piece of cake."
    B: "Yes, it wasn't very __________, was it?"
    a- nice  
b- fed up  
c- interesting  
d- bored

16- A: "Mary's uncle is so mean."
    B: "Right, he is not __________."
    a- fed up  
b- generous  
c- old  
d- tidy

17- A: "Ashley's family is __________."
    B: "Yes, they aren't very rich. Are they?"
    a- tidy
b- poor  
c- horrible  
d- nice  

18- A: "This movie is boring. Let's watch something else."  
B: "Yes, it isn't ____________, is it?"  
a- tidy  
b- fed up  
c- horrible  
d- interesting  

19- A: "Their children are so stupid."  
B: "Yes, they aren't ____________, are they?"  
a- clean  
b- mean  
c- noisy  
d- smart  

20- A: "My sister is old."  
B: "Yes. She isn't ____________, is she?"  
a- young  
b- clean  
c- noisy  
d- tall  

II. Grammar  

1- A: __________
   B: It has got beautiful gardens and warm weather.
   a- What would you like to do?
   b- What's France like?
   c- What do you like?
   d- Do you like it?  

2- The plane is __________ than the car.  
a- fast
b- more fast
  c- fastest
  d- faster

3- Tokyo is _________ city in the world.
  a- the most expensive
  b- the more expensive
  c- more expensive than
  d- expensive

4- Jeddah is _________ than Beirut.
  a- hotter
  b- more hot
  c- hot
  d- hottest

5- Sami is the _________ student in the class.
  a- most smart
  b- smarter
  c- smart
  d- smartest

6- A: What’s your English teacher like?
   B: _________
  a- She’s very nice
  b- She’s like nice
  c- She is having a meeting
  d- She likes reading.

7- Sally is _________ than her sister.
  a- good
  b- better
  c- best
  d- the best

8- Lina is the _________ girl in the class.
14- Which is _________ Asma or Amal?

a- funny
b- funnier
c- much funniest
d- funniest

9- That film was the __________ film I've ever seen.
   a- worse
   b- bad
   c- as bad
   d- worst

10- Jeddah is __________ than Kuwait.
    a- bigger
    b- big
    c- biggest
    d- as big

11- Adnan is as __________ as Tariq.
    a- tall
    b- taller
    c- tallest
    d- more tall

12- Ahmed is __________ than his brother, Majed.
    a- old
    b- older
    c- more old
    d- more older

13- London is __________ than Jeddah.
    a- expensive
    b- the expensive
    c- more expensive
    d- most expensive
a- beautiful
b- as beautiful
c- more beautiful
d- most beautiful

15- Who is the _________ man in the world?
   a- richer
   b- rich
   c- much richer
   d- richest

16- All the cakes I tried in that restaurant are delicious, but I think the chocolate cake was the
   _________.
   a- better
   b- best
   c- as good
   d- good

17- The weather in London is _________ than the weather in Italy.
   a- colder
   b- coldest
   c- cold
   d- so cold

18- London is as _________ as Paris.
   a- expensive
   b- more expensive
   c- most expensive
   d- the most expensive

19- This university is _________ than the other one in the capital city.
   a- small
   b- smaller
   c- smallest
   d- as small
20- This bag is the __________ of all.
   a- heaviest
   b- heavy
   c- heavier
   d- much heavier

__________________________________________________________________________

Test 5
Unit 7 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The racing driver and the tennis player
Bruno and Maria Cruz

They are one of the most famous married couples in the sporting world. He is the racing driver who has won seven Formula One championships. He has won Grands Prix in nearly every country possible. She is the tennis player who has won more Grand Slam titles than any other woman. She has been the number one female tennis player in the world for the last 8 years. They invited Hi! into their luxury home.

Bruno: "A lot of the time we've been together, we've been in different countries! Naturally, we try to spend more time together, but it's not easy. We've both flown all over the world for a weekend, just to be together."

Maria: "Yes, it can be crazy sometimes. Occasionally we both have championships in the same country. That doesn't happen often, so it's a real treat. But now that we've got this beautiful home, we're working hard to make sure we get enough time together here - private time."

Maria: "I don't know what 'superstar' means really, it's a word that other people use. We're both just very good at, and feel passionate about, our different sports. And we've been very lucky to have the chance to show that to the world. But when we're not doing that ... well, we're just normal people really. We are normal, aren't we, Bruno?"
Bruno: "Yes! I don't think that fame and fortune have changed me. We don't spend all our time dressing up and going ant to fancy, expensive restaurants. Most evenings we’re happy to cook a meal and sit and watch TV together. But it obviously helps that we both know about the problems of being famous. And fortunately for me, people don't recognize me as much as Maria!"

Bruno: "I was practising for the Australian Grand Prix in Melbourne, and a friend had tickets for the final of the Australian Tennis Open there. I met Maria at the celebration dinner afterwards. I already knew about her as a tennis player, of course. But when we started talking for the first time ... well, it was that wonderful feeling that you've known someone all your life!"

Maria: "I knew very little about Formula One, so I wasn't sure what to ask him. I've never been very interested in it to be honest - too much about tyres and engines for my liking! But I've certainly learnt a lot about it since then. I"

Bruno and Maria have been married for five years. They have lived in their home since January.

Bruno: "We're both at the point where we know that it can't go on for much longer, being at the top. But we've had wonderful careers, and I think we can both look forward to retiring. We'd like to have some peace and quiet and spend more time here with each other, and ..."

Maria: "... and with one or two little Cruzs! I've always wanted to have a family, and the good thing about being a professional tennis player is that you stop at an age where that’s still possible. And this will be such a fantastic home to bring up children in!

Choose the correct answer:

1- Bruno and Maria are two famous ____________.
   a- sportspeople
   b- teachers
   c- businessmen
   d- football players
2. Most of the time, Maria and Bruno are ___________.
   a- in the coffee shop
   b- in different countries
   c- together
   d- at home

3. They got their new home ___________.
   a- to make their friends jealous of them
   b- to make more money and have more houses
   c- to be richer
   d- to get enough time together.

4. Maria thinks that they are ___________.
   a- super stars
   b- good footballers
   c- normal people
   d- crazy people

5. Not like all famous stars, Bruno and Maria spend their evenings ___________
   a- cooking and watching TV together
   b- swimming in their swimming pool.
   c- going to expensive restaurants.
   d- visiting friends.

6. Maria and Bruno want to retire because they want ___________.
   a- to have some peace and quiet and be together
   b- to start another career
   c- to travel and see the world
   d- to go shopping and get new cars and a new house

7. Which statement is TRUE?
   a- Bruno met Maria in a football match in Australia.
   b- Bruno met Maria in his sister's birthday party.
   c- Bruno and Maria met in a conference in New York.
d- Bruno met Maria at the celebration dinner of the Australian Grand Prix.

8- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
   a- Bruno already knew about Maria as a tennis player.
   b- Bruno is a famous tennis player.
   c- Maria won a lot of formula one championship.
   d- Maria was very interested in Formula One.

9- The underlined word *retiring* in the text means:
   a- stop working
   b- go to work
   c- From two countries.
   d- From Latin America

10- The pronoun "they" in paragraph 1 refers to:
    a- Hi’ Magazine
    b- Bruno
    c- Maria and Bruno
    d- Maria

II. Vocabulary: Choose the correct answers:

1- __________ is a very popular dish in England.
   a- Do’s and Don’ts
   b- Fish and Chips
   c- Peace and Quiet

2- __________ Welcome to our programme.
   a- Now and then
   b- Ladies and Gentlemen
   c- Salt and pepper

3- How’s your uncle? __________. There are good days, and then not such good days.
   a- Up and down
b- Now and then  
c- Peace and quiet

4- __________ we reached home.  
   a- Especially  
   b- At last  
   c- Too

5- A: Do you like reading English books?  
   B: __________ I do. I love reading them.  
   a- Just  
   b- Of course  
   c- Still

6- This dish needs some __________ to be delicious.  
   a- now and then  
   b- ladies and gentlemen  
   c- salt and pepper

7- I like sitting in the backyard of my house. I do that to get some __________.  
   a- safe and sound  
   b- peace and quiet  
   c- do’s and don’ts

8- A: Did you like the film?  
   B: __________. The story was exciting but the actors were not so good.  
   a- Salt and Pepper  
   b- Yes and no  
   c- Fish and chips

9- She arrived __________ last week.  
   a- now and then  
   b- yes and no  
   c- safe and sound
10- He works very __________ to get his university degree.
   a- hard
   b- only
   c- nearly

11- I have __________ finished cleaning the dishes.
   a- together
   b- hard
   c- just
   d- too

12- A: Do you like cheese cakes?
    B: __________, I do. They’re my favourite sweet dish.
    a- At last
    b- Carefully
    c- Only
    d- Of course

III. Grammar

1- They __________ football for many years. They haven’t stopped yet.
   a- have played
   b- are playing
   c- played

2- __________ stories has he written?
   a- How many
   b- How often
   c- How long

3- The children have been in bed __________ 9 o’clock.
   a- for
   b- since
   c- at
4- Have you __________ been to France?
   a- never
   b- ever
   c- just

5- I __________ my friend for a long time.
   a- have known
   b- have been knowing
   c- have been known

6- A: Has he finished his work yet?
   B: No, he __________.
   a- didn’t
   b- wasn’t
   c- hasn’t

7- She has been a student since she __________ seven years old.
   a- has been
   b- was
   c- is

8- She __________ to England in 2006.
   a- goes
   b- went
   c- has gone

9- He has worked in the factory __________ six years.
   a- for
   b- since
   c- in

10- They __________ after a basketball match last year.
    a- have met
    b- met
    c- are meeting
IV. Everyday English: Choose the correct answers:

1- A: Do you like crime novels?  
   B: No, __________.
   a- it isn’t  
   b- they aren’t  
   c- I don’t  
   d- I’m not

2- A: Did you see the football match last night?  
   B: Yes, __________.
   a- it was  
   b- I was  
   c- I did  
   d- I didn’t

3- A: Are your parents friendly?  
   B: Yes __________.
   a- they were  
   b- they are  
   c- they do  
   d- they will

4- A: __________?  
   B: Yes, I have.
   a- Have you tried the new pizza restaurant  
   b- Did you go to the restaurant  
   c- Do you like eating pizza in the restaurant  
   d- Can you call me at 7

5- A: __________?  
   B: No, he hasn’t.
   a- Does he clean his car  
   b- Did he clean his car  
   c- Has he cleaned his car  
   d- Is he cleaning his car
6. A: Have you travelled to Abha before?
   B: ______________
   a- No, I didn’t.
   b- No, you doesn’t.
   c- No, I haven’t.
   d- No, I can’t.

7. A: Do you like reading novels?
   B: ______________
   a- Yes, I can’t.
   b- No, she does.
   c- Yes, I do.
   d- No, I like.

Test 6
Unit 8 (Pre-intermediate)

Choose the correct answers
I. Vocabulary

1. My alarm__________ wakes me up every day.
   a- light
   b- clock
   c- card
   d- time

2. The traffic__________ became red as we were driving near the bank.
   a- park
   b- card
   c- lights
   d- car
3. He sent me a text__________ to say he would be late.
   a- message  
   b- post   
   c- case   
   d- credit

4. The roads are always crowded especially during rush ____________.
   a- hours   
   b- set   
   c- quake   
   d- posts

5. You can pay by credit__________
   a- coat   
   b- card   
   c- cream   
   d- time

6. There was a terrible ____________ in Turkey some days ago. Many people were killed.
   a- sunset   
   b- sign post   
   c- earthquake   
   d- earring

7. I have a nice book ____________ in my living room. I always put the books there.
   a- drier   
   b- case   
   c- park   
   d- table

8. Our teacher always asks us to ____________ conversations in class to practise speaking.
   a- come   
   b- go
9. You’ve become very fat. It’s better to __________ weight.
   a- make
   b- lose
   c- go
   d- have

10. My sister is becoming fat, so she is going on __________ from next week.
    a- her time
    b- to bed
    c- a diet
    d- exercise

11. I do not know the way to the shopping centre but I can follow the __________ in the streets.
    a- alarm clock
    b- earthquake
    c- credit card
    d- signposts

II. Grammar

1- You __________ to start work at 8:00.
   a- must
   b- can
   c- should
   d- have

2- You __________ do sports to stay healthy.
   a- have
   b- should
   c- had
   d- don’t have
3- We __________to buy cheese. There is a lot of cheese in the fridge.
   a- must
   b- have
   c- don’t have
   d- can

4- Hammed is very strong. He __________lift heavy weights.
   a- have
   b- can
   c- mustn’t
   d- shouldn’t

5- Nabil __________to get a driving licence before he drives his car.
   a- mustn’t
   b- has
   c- doesn’t have
   d- should

6- A: __________?
   B: Yes, she can.
   a- Can she speak English
   b- She can speak
   c- Can she English
   d- She speaks English

7- You __________tell lies. It’s very bad.
   a- should
   b- shouldn’t
   c- have
   d- can’t

8- Dina __________sing when she was very young.
   a- had
   b- could
   c- can
   d- will
9- She __________to do the washing up. She has a dishwasher.
   a- shouldn’t
   b- don’t have
   c- can’t
   d- mustn’t

10- I __________to renew my passport or I can’t travel abroad.
   a- can
   b- must
   c- have
   d- should

III. Everyday English: Choose the correct answer:

1- A: What did the doctor do when you told him you had a cold?
   B: __________
      a- He took my temperature and examined me.
      b- He gave me some homework to do.
      c- We went to the restaurant together to have a meal.
      d- He drove me to the airport.

2- A: __________?
   B: Some antibiotics and some vitamins.
      a- What did you do last weekend
      b- Where is the pharmacy
      c- What does the doctor prescribe
      d- Were you sick last night

3- A: __________?
   B: I went to the doctor’s.
      a- How are you now
      b- Where did you go when you felt ill
      c- What’s the problem with Mona
      d- When are you free today
4- A: What’s the matter with you?
   B: __________
   a- I’d like to have a cup of coffee and some doughnuts.
   b- You can go by foot. Don’t take a taxi.
   c- I’ve got a cold.
   d- We can listen to the radio or watch TV.

5- A: __________?
   B: I’ve got a sore throat.
   a- Where are you going
   b- What’s the matter with you
   c- How did you arrive there
   d- How much work have you got to do

6. Doctor: How do you feel?
   Woman: __________ and I can’t walk on it.
   Doctor: That’s too bad. Let me check it.
   a- I’ve got diarrhoea
   b- I’ve twisted me ankle
   c- I’ve got a cold
   d- I have sore throat

7. A: You look sick!
   B: Yeah! I have terrible flu. __________
   A: You should rest at home.
   a- I keep going to the toilet.
   b- I can’t move my leg.
   c- I don’t like chocolate.
   d- I have a temperature and running nose.
**Reading**

**Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

**Sunset in the west**

The first industrial economies were European, until the 1890s, when the US became the world's economic superpower. In the 1960s the 'Asian Tigers' arrived, and suddenly everything we bought was 'Made in Japan/South Korea'. But the populations of these new industrial nations are much smaller than America's, and could never produce enough to move the centre of the world economy from West to East.

**Made in China**

Now the East's time has come. China, with its population of 1.3 billion, has already become 'the world's factory'. If its economy continues to grow at 10%, it will become the biggest economy in the world by 2018. It will also take America's place as the world's largest oil market, thirsty for petrol to run the 140m private cars on its roads.

'Rolex now sell a third of their watches to the Chinese'

The West was once afraid of China because of its communist ideas. Now it's more worried about China's success in capitalism. China has nearly 100 billionaires. Although many of its people are still poor, a third of the world's luxury products - Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, Lacoste clothing - are now sold in China.

**The sky's the limit?**

The pollution in the skies over cities like Beijing is one of the costs of this incredible success. Five out of ten of the world's most polluted cities are in China, and its economy will have to become 'greener' as quickly as it has become more capitalist. Another problem for China's future economy is its population growth. Because of the 'one child per
family' policy, started in the 1980s, the working population of China will start to get smaller in 2015.

What about India?
Everyone is talking about China as the future world superpower, but India isn't far behind. India already has over 1 billion people, and here there will be no problems finding enough workers for its fast growing economy. If the population continues to grow as quickly as now, it will be bigger than China's by 2040.

'Bangalore is one of the most exciting places in the world'
And although it has enough cheap workers to produce a car for $2000, India is not just a gigantic factory. It has an enormous number of highly educated scientists, engineers, and IT specialists. Many of the West's successful technology companies use Indian teams to design software for their mobile phones and computers. The Vice-President of Cisco Systems said recently, 'I find Bangalore one of the most exciting places in the world. It's what Silicon Valley in California was in 1999.'

From West to East
Between them, China and India have a third of the world's population. Every year they produce a million graduates in science and engineering (the US produces 70,000), entering industry and doing research in university departments.

Whether China or India becomes the leading economic power, the result for the West will be the same. America's time as the world's most powerful nation will soon be over, and all Western countries will have to live in a changing world, where the sun rises in the East once more.

Choose the correct answer:
1- The pronoun "It" in the paragraph 2 refers to __________.
   a- America
   b- Korea
c- Asia
d- China

2- One of the following statements is **TRUE**:
   a- China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.
   b- Six out of ten of the world's most populated cities are in China.
   c- The first industrial economies were Asian, until the 1890's.
   d- China has become "the world's village".

3- One of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**:
   a- The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.
   b- India has an enormous number of highly educated people.
   c- China has nearly one hundred billionaires.
   d- In the 1960's the "Asian Tigers" arrived.

4- The first big industrial economies were in ____________.
   a- India
   b- China
   c- Europe
   d- America

5- The country that has the biggest economy today is ____________.
   a- China
   b- India
   c- Europe
   d- The US

6- Why will China's population start to get smaller? Because of ____________.
   a- the war.
   b- the diseases.
   c- lack of marriages.
   d- the "one child per family policy".
7- What is the result of either China or India becoming the leading economic power?
   a- America will not be economically powerful anymore.
   b- America will get stronger economically.
   c- America will be as powerful as China and India.
   d- America will help China and India to become powerful.

8- China has become the "the world's factory" because__________.
   a- it has the largest oil market.
   b- it has a population of 1.3 billion.
   c- it has a lot of poor people.
   d- it has 100 billionaires.

9- India is very successful in ____________.
   a- Only the world IT
   b- Cosmetic
   c- Fashion
   d- Science, engineering, and IT

10- Every year__________.
    a- India and China together produce more scientists and engineers than the US.
    b- The US produces more scientists and engineers than India and China.
    c- India and China become weaker in economy.
    d- the US becomes stronger in economy.

Vocabulary:
Choose the correct answers:

1- A: Do you _______ tired when you run?
   B: Yes, I can't run more than two minutes.
   a- do
   b- take
   c- get
   d- make
2. Annie is a photographer. She likes to __________ pictures of animals.
   a- get
   b- take
   c- make
   d- do

3. You need flour, eggs and sugar to __________ cakes.
   a- take
   b- get
   c- make
   d- do

4. __________ some exercise will keep you healthy.
   a- Doing
   b- Taking
   c- Getting
   d- Making

5. Toyota cars are __________ in Japan.
   a- did
   b- made
   c- got
   d- taken

6. Before you leave your flat, ________ sure that all windows are closed.
   a- get
   b- do
   c- take
   d- make

7. Could you __________ me a favour? Could you help me carry this heavy box?
   a- do
   b- get
   c- take
d- make

8. I ________ my friend Noura out for a meal last Monday. We ate in the Italian restaurant.
   a- got
   b- took
   c- made
   d- did

9. You can ________ a cold if you don't change your wet clothes.
   a- get
   b- make
   c- do
   d- take

10. If you don't like the service in this company, why don't you ________ a complaint?
    a- take
    b- do
    c- make
    d- get

_Grammar:

1- When I call Manal, I ____________ her to the party.
   a- will invite
   b- inviting
   c- invited
   d- have invited

2- Please, sit in the waiting room _____________ I call you.
   a- where
   b- until
   c- before
   d- what
3. _______ it's sunny this weekend, we can have a picnic.
   a- What
   b- Before
   c- If
   d- Until

4- Ameerah will watch T.V. ____________ she does her homework.
   a- after
   b- until
   c- what
   d- where

5- If I __________ my driving test. I'll buy a car.
   a- will pass
   b- pass
   c- passed
   d- was passing

6. If I ____________ money, I'll buy a new car.
   a- had
   b- will have
   c- have
   d- was having

7. When I get home, I ____________ a bath.
   a- had
   b- will have
   c- was having
   d- have

8. If I have time, I ____________ on a picnic.
   a- will go
   b- go
   c- went
   d- was going
9. As soon as he ________ his homework, he will call his friend.
   a- finish
   b- finishes
   c- finished
   d- was finishing

10. Give me your suitcase. I __________ it for you.
    a- carried
    b- carries
    c- will carry
    d- is carrying

Everyday English:

1. Receptionist: Hello, Weston Hotel. Ahmad speaking. How can I help you?
   Client: __________
   a- It’s on the third of March.
   b- See you later. Bye-bye.
   c- I’d like to make a reservation, please.
   d- At two o’clock in the morning.

2- Receptionist: Certainly, when is it for?
   Client: It’s for one night, the fifteenth of this month.
   Receptionist__________
   a- Do you want a single or a double room?
   b- Nice talking to you
   c- How much is it per night?
   d- We serve breakfast at 6 a.m.

3- Client: A double, please.
   Receptionist: Fine, I have one for you. And your name is?
   Client: Mohammad Salem. __________
   a- Can you tell me how much it is per night?
   b- Can you tell me why didn’t you call?
   c- Can I make a reservation, please?
4- **Receptionist**: Sure. That’s $95 a night. Can I have your credit card number, please?
  
  **Client**: Yes, sure. It’s a Master Card. 4323 1436 0932 8842.
  
  **Receptionist**: Thank you.________
  
  a- How much is that?
  b- Is it on the second floor?
  c- Ahmad, is speaking. How can I help you?
  d- Could I have a phone number?

5- **Client**: Yes, sure. 0966 5047818109.
  
  **Receptionist**: That’s fine________
  
  **Client**: Thanks a lot. Bye-bye.
  
  a- It’s on the third of June.
  b- Do you want to cancel your reservation?
  c- We look forward to seeing you on the fifteenth. Goodbye.
  d- At two o’clock in the morning.

6. **Receptionist**: Hello. How can I help you?
  
  **Customer**:________
  
  a- I’d like a room for the night, please.
  b- See you later. Bye.
  c- It’s on the second floor.
  d- No, thank you.

7. **Receptionist**:________
  
  **Customer**: No. I’d like to have a single room with a private bathroom.
  
  a- How would you like to pay?
  b- How many persons per room?
  c- How would you like your breakfast?
  d- Would you like a double room?

________________________________________
Choose the correct answers

I. Vocabulary

1- Ali saw a ___________ movie last weekend. It was all about ghosts.
   a- terrifying
   b- boring
   c- exciting

2- Manal went to London. She found it very ___________. She enjoyed it very much.
   a- frightening
   b- boring
   c- exciting

3- Fatmah doesn’t like French. She thinks it’s a ___________ subject.
   a- surprising
   b- terrifying
   c- boring

4- Manal felt ___________ because she worked for 5 hours yesterday.
   a- excited
   b- exhausted
   c- disappointed

5- I like this book, it is really ___________.
   a- interesting
   b- boring
   c- confusing

6- Sara is having a job interview today. She is very ___________. She is afraid that she might not get the job.
a- bored  
b- worried  
c- exhausted  

7- Ahmad is going to Paris next week. He is really __________. He feels very happy.  
a- bored  
b- excited  
c- disappointed  

8- The girls saw a big spider on the wall, they became so __________  
a- frightened  
b- confused  
c- bored  

9- Mrs. Smith has an __________ character. I enjoy talking to her.  
a- exhausting  
b- boring  
c- interesting  

10- This lesson is very __________. I can't understand it.  
a- terrifying  
b- confusing  
c- exciting  

11- A: ’I met a famous movie star today.’  
B: ’Really? How___________!  
a- excited  
b- exciting  
c- bored  

12. I failed my French exam. I worked very hard for it. I am really __________.  
a- interesting  
b- boring  
c- disappointed  

13. My laptop's broken, and I don't understand the manual. It's so__________.
   a- confused
   b- confusing
   c- exciting

14. A: 'I haven't heard from my best friend for three months.'
   B: 'You must be ___________.'
   a- excited
   b- worried
   c- interested

15. A: 'The whole house was on fire.'
   "Weren't you__________?"
   a- disappointed
   b- confusing
   c- frightened

II. Grammar

1- Choose the correct sentence
   a- Ali used to drink a glass of water every morning.
   b- Ali used to drinking a glass of water every morning.
   c- Ali used to drinks a glass of water every morning.
   d- Ali used to drank a glass of water every morning.

2- Choose the correct sentence
   a- Manal is going shop now.
   b- Manal is going to shop now.
   c- Manal is going to shopping now.
   d- Manal is going shopping now.

3- I enjoy ____________short stories.
   a- write
   b- writing
c- to write
   d- wrote

4- I wish I could stop__________ forever.
   a- smoke
   b- to smoke
   c- smoking
   d- smoked

5- I like__________ bread and cheese in the morning. It's my usual breakfast.
   a- eating
   b- eat
   c- to eat
   d- ate

6- He __________ play basketball when he was young. Now he doesn't play anymore.
   a- use to
   b- used to
   c- using to
   d- uses to

7- I managed __________ my work yesterday.
   a- finish
   b- to finish
   c- finished
   d- finishing

8- I've decided __________ my next holiday in Turkey.
   a- to spend
   b- spending
   c- spent
   d- spend

9- Mary used __________ the piano when she was at school.
10- Let’s go __________!
   a- shop
   b- shopped
   c- to shop
   d- shopping

11- We went ___________ yesterday. It was great.
   a- swimming
   b- to swim
   c- swim
   d- swam

12- I used to ____________ hard five years ago.
   a- study
   b- studied
   c- am studying
   d- studies

13- She made me ______________ although I was very sad.
   a- to laugh
   b- laugh
   c- laughing
   d- laughed

14- I went to the pharmacy ___________ some medicine.
   a- to buy
   b- buy
   c- buying
   d- bought
III. Everyday English

1. There were __________ people at the party.
   a- so
   b- so many
   c- so much
   d- such a

2. Maha has spent___________ money this week!
   a- such
   b- so many
   c- such a
   d- so much

3. Mona and Ali are___________ nice people!
   a- such a
   b- so much
   c- so many
   d- such

4. They were all___________ worried.
   a- so
   b- so many
   c- such
   d- such a

5. Paul saw___________ huge icebergs!
   a- so much
   b- such
   c- such an
   d- so

6. Their room is ____________ a mess! I don’t know how they sit in it.
   a- so
   b- such
   c- very
   d- too
7- Mary is ________ clever. She can answer all the questions.
   a- so  
   b- such 
   c- very 
   d- too 

8- Last holiday, I spent _________ money. I bought a lot of things.
   a- so many 
   b- so much 
   c- very 
   d- too 

9- You are _________ beautiful!
   a- such 
   b- so 
   c- such a 
   d- so many 

10- We had__________ a great experience!
    a- so 
    b- such 
    c- so many 
    d- so much 

11- I’m _________ thirsty! I want a bottle of water.
    a- so many 
    b- such 
    c- so 
    d- such a
I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Did you know that a tiny piece of your hair gives us information about who you are related to, which career you could be successful in, any crimes you have committed, what illnesses you could get, how and when you could die?

This is possible thanks to the information in DNA (or deoxyribonucleic acid). Your hair and every cell in your body contains your own unique DNA. It can tell you a lot about your family, health, and personality.

DNA was discovered by a German scientist, Friedrich Miescher, in 1869, but nobody realized its importance then. Other scientists thought that it was too simple to contain the map of how we are made! In 1953, a group of British scientists at Cambridge University finally discovered the structure of DNA and how it worked. They were given the Nobel Prize for Medicine in 1962.

Gradually, scientists learned to “read” more and more of the information in DNA. In 1986, for the first time DNA testing was used by the police. Some DNA is usually left by a criminal at the place where the crime was committed. This can be matched with DNA from a suspect. The test shows if the suspect is guilty.

In 1990 the Human Genome Project was begun. Scientists wanted to make a map of the 3 billion chemical letters in human DNA. Over 1,000 scientists all over the world worked on the project, and it took 10 years. With this information, it is possible that a cure for many diseases will be found in the future. But it also brings with it many questions. Do we want
to be able to choose what our babies will look like, or pick the best person for a job with DNA tests?

Choose the correct answer:

1- Your DNA is in __________.
   a- the food you eat
   b- your hair and every cell in your body
   c- Cambridge University

2- DNA tells everyone about__________.
   a- their routines and activities
   b- their families, health and personalities
   c- their websites and blogs

3- __________ discovered DNA in 1869.
   a- A British scientist
   b- A German scientist
   c- A French scientist

4- In 1986, DNA was first used by __________.
   a- the army
   b- universities
   c- the police

5- __________ were given the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1962.
   a- German scientists
   b- British scientists
   c- African scientists

II. Vocabulary

1- Aspirin was __________ by Felix Hoffman.
   a- invented
   b- discovered
   c- found
2- He __________ me some information about cars.
   a- lost
   b- took
   c- gave

3- He always __________ his promise.
   a- keeps
   b- misses
   c- has

4- This bus can __________ 50 passengers.
   a- carry
   b- lose
   c- give

5- He is very good at __________ jokes.
   a- saying
   b- telling
   c- doing

6- My mother __________ me a nice present on my last birthday.
   a- discovered
   b- lost
   c- gave

7- Are you the manager? We’d like to __________ a complaint.
   a- do
   b- make
   c- have

8- If you go on doing exercise, you will __________ weight.
   a- carry
   b- lose
   c- keep
9- Long ago, people went to America to __________ gold.
   a- discover
   b- run
   c- learn

10- __________ your homework or your teacher will be angry with you.
   a- Do
   b- Make
   c- Miss

III. Grammar

1- Where __________ these shirts made?
   a- were
   b- did
   c- do

2- My brother __________ me a book recently.
   a- has been bought
   b- was bought
   c- bought

3- I __________ tea in the evening.
   a- am not drunk
   b- don’t drink
   c- drinking

4- He was brought up __________ his grandparents.
   a- in
   b- by
   c- from

5- The pharmacy __________ medicines.
   a- sells
   b- are sold
   c- selling
6- Have all the dishes ___________?
   a- been washed
   b- washed
   c- is washed

7- His bike ___________ last weekend.
   a- repaired
   b- was repaired
   c- has been repaired

8- ___________ you always wear jeans?
   a- Have
   b- Do
   c- Are

9- They ___________ their way because they didn’t have a map.
   a- lose
   b- lost
   c- were lost

10- ___________ English at school?
    a- Is he taught
    b- Is he teach
    c- Has he teach

11- While I was doing the shopping, my purse _____________.
    a- was stolen
    b- has stolen
    c- is stolen
    d- stole

12- A delicious cake _________by my grandmother. I can smell it.
    a- is being baked
    b- will be baked
    c- was baked
d- baked

13- The computer ________without my permission.
a- will have used  
b- has been used  
c- have been used  
d- been used

**Everyday English:**

1- A: May I help you?
   B: I want a brown shirt medium size.
This conversation takes place _________.
a- at the clothes’ shop  
b- at the supermarket  
c- at the post office

2- A: Can I see your ticket and passport, please?
   B: Here you are.
This conversation takes place _________.
a- at the zoo  
b- at the hotel  
c- at the airport
I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Supervolcano

'Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming, USA'.
A hot July day, and some of the 3 million visitors who come to the park every year are watching one of the geysers erupt. Everyone is impressed, but as they chatter excitedly and eat their ice-creams, not many of them realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world. Scientists have known for a long time that Yellowstone is a volcanic area. But the strange thing is that until the 1960s, none of them could find a volcano anywhere in the park. Then, new photos taken by NASA showed the reason why - the whole park, 9,000 square metres of it, is a volcano!

Volcanoes like Yellowstone are called 'supervolcanoes', because they are so huge and dangerous - 1,000 times more powerful than ordinary volcanoes. There are about 40 of them on Earth, but none of them has erupted recently. The most recent was 74,000 years ago in Indonesia. The last time Yellowstone Park erupted was 640,000 years ago.

But what would happen if the Yellowstone volcano erupted again today? Here are the events that might follow:

Day 1-Yellowstone Park, USA
If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250kmph. The cities of Denver and Salt lake would be destroyed immediately, and 87,000 people would die. Eventually the ash would cover
3/4 of the USA, and drinking water and food crops would be contaminated.

**Week 1 - Europe**
The whole of Europe would be covered by a grey cloud. Summer would turn to winter, and in some places the sea would freeze. No European country would be able to grow food for four or five years.

**The next 3 months - Worldwide**
90% of our sunlight would be blocked and a volcanic winter would cover the Earth. The tropical forests would die and food crops in warm countries, such as India and China, would fail. Only countries near the North and South Poles could carry on as usual. Iceland would do well, because most of its food is grown in special greenhouses. It might be able to send food to the rest of the world.

**How likely is it?**
Fortunately, scientists at the Yellowstone Volcanic Observatory say that there is no evidence that the volcano will erupt in the near future. They say 'such events are unlikely to happen in the next few centuries'. So we can all get on with our lives and stop worrying, which is good to know.

**Choose the correct answer:**

1. Yellowstone is called a 'supervolcano' because it is __________
   a- small and dangerous
   b- huge and dangerous
   c- medium and dangerous

2. The last time when the Yellowstone volcano erupted was __________ years ago.
   a- 640,000
   b- 670,
   c- 650,000

3. If the volcano erupted, __________.
   a- hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250kmph
   b- the weather would be good for planting
c- people would live near the beaches and enjoy the fine weather

4. Which sentence is NOT TRUE?
   a- A lot of people who visit Yellowstone National Park realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world.
   b- Volcanoes like Yellowstone are called "supervolcanoes"
   c- If the volcano erupted, 90% of our sunlight would be blocked.

5. Which sentence is TRUE?
   a- If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air.
   b- Scientists at the Yellowstone Volcanic Observatory say that there is evidence that the volcano will erupt in the near future.
   c- Only countries in tropical areas could carry on as usual if the volcano erupted.

6. The pronoun "them" in paragraph 1 refers to __________.
   a- people
   b- volcanoes
   c- parks

7. The word "chatter" means __________.
   a- to make impure or unclean
   b- to hold closely in the arms
   c- to talk fast on a not important subject

II. Vocabulary
1- He is going __________ to his hometown tomorrow.
   a- up
   b- back
   c- out

2- Please, take __________ your shoes before you go in.
   a- on
   b- off
   c- out
3- Ahmad puts ___________ a nice red jacket when he goes to school.
   a- off
   b- out
   c- on

4- Can you __________ my baby when I am out?
   a- run out of
   b- put on
   c- look after

5- He doesn’t __________ well with his brother. He always argues with his brother.
   a- get on
   b- look forward to
   c- break down

6- They stopped at the nearest petrol station because they __________ petrol.
   a- ran out of
   b- walked out of
   c- fell out with

7- Yesterday my car __________ , so I had to go to the mechanic’s.
   a- looked out
   b- broke down
   c- turned round

8- Manal is __________ to attending Sara’s wedding.
   a- getting on with
   b- looking forward
   c- falling out with

9- __________ the word in the dictionary. You will know its meaning.
   a- Fall over
   b- Turn off
c- Look up

10- To apply for the job, __________ this form.
   a- grow up
   b- fill in
   c- lie down

III. Grammar: Choose the correct answers:

1- Sara might __________ football in the garden.
   a- plays
   b- play
   c- playing

2- If I __________ my medication, I wouldn’t become sick.
   a- take
   b- took
   c- taken

3- If I had time, I __________ watch TV.
   a- will
   b- would
   c- had

4- What would you do if your son __________ the vase?
   a- break
   b- broke
   c- broken

5- If I __________ you, I would study hard.
   a- will be
   b- were
   c- am

6- I __________ come tomorrow. I haven’t decided yet.
   a- will
b- must

c- might

7- Would you travel round the world if you ___________ enough money?
a- had
b- have
c- will have

8- If I ___________ in a bigger house, I’d invite all my friends.
a- live
b- will live
c- lived

9- I ___________ buy an expensive car if I won a lot of money.
a- will
b- would
c- had

10- Manchester United ___________ win the match. I’m sure.
a- might
b- will
c- couldn’t?

11- If I were a bird, I ________________fly and see many places.
a- will
b- would
c- can

12- People would spend more time at home if there
no restaurants.
a- were
b- are
c- will be
IV. Everyday English

1- A: __________
   B: Same to you. I hope we both pass.
   a- How do you feel about your exams?
   b- Good luck in your exams!
   c- What are you doing this weekend?
   d- Good idea! Let’s go.

2- A: Did you go out last night?
   B: __________
   a- I would like to leave early today.
   b- No, I didn’t. I went to bed early. What about you?
   c- I feel bored and I don’t know what to do.
   d- Today the weather is warm and sunny, isn’t it?

3- A: __________
   B: Oh, what a pity! That’s when we’re away on holiday.
   a- Can I get past, please?
   b- Can you come to my wedding?
   c- Can I have a sandwich and a cup of tea, please?
   d- How are you today?

4- A: __________
   B: I haven’t a clue. But you won’t need it. It is a lovely day.
   a- Oh, dear! I can’t find my umbrella. Do you know where it is?
   b- That’s right. You can come with us to the restaurant and have lunch.
   c- What are the places you would like to visit during your summer vacation?
   d- Why are you so late? The lesson has already started.

5- A: Let’s go for a pizza.
   B: __________
   a- I came here to ask for some information.
   b- Good idea.
c- Why are you so late?  
d- What a pity!

6- A: We've decided to get married.  
   B: ___________________________.  
   a- Never mind  
   b- Same to you  
   c- Congratulations

7- A: Do you want to go out for a meal?  
   B: ____________________________  
   a- What about you?  
   b- See you later.  
   c- Good idea.

Test 11
Unit 3 (Intermediate)

I. Reading  
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

   Agatha Mary Clarissa Christie is possibly the world’s most famous detective story writer. She wrote 78 novels, and her sales (4 billion copies of her novels) outnumber those of William Shakespeare. However, behind her 4,680,000 words was a painfully shy woman whose life was often lonely and unhappy.

   She was born in 1890 in Devon, the third child of Clarissa and Frederick Miller, and grew into a beautiful and sensitive girl. She didn't go to school but was educated by her parents. Her father taught her mathematics through stories and games, and her mother encouraged her to write her own stories. Unfortunately her father died in 1901 when she was 11, and both she and her mother were grief-stricken.
When World War I came in 1914, she became a nurse in a hospital dispensary, which proved very useful to her later career. Many of the murders in her books were carried out by a clever use of drugs and poisons, showing how much she had learnt about them as a nurse.

She wrote her first detective novel, *The Mysterious Affair at Styles*, in 1920. In it she introduced Hercule Poirot, the Belgian detective who appeared in many subsequent novels. Her other main detective was an elderly spinster called Miss Marple, who was based on Agatha’s grandmother and her circle of friends. Christie’s stories have ingenious plots, and keep the reader guessing who the murderer is until the very end of the story.

In 1914, at the beginning of the war, she married Archibald Christie, but the marriage was unhappy. It didn’t last and they divorced in 1926. It was a very difficult time for her, as her much-loved mother had died earlier that year. Agatha suffered a nervous breakdown and one night she abandoned her car and mysteriously disappeared.

She went missing for eleven days and was eventually found in a hotel in Harrogate, in the North of England. Agatha desperately wanted solitude and felt bitter towards the media because the newspapers had given her a hard time over her breakdown and disappearance. She was determined never to let them enter her private life again.

She enjoyed a very happy second marriage to Max Mallowan, an archaeologist, who she met in Baghdad and married in 1930. Her detective skills were a help to him in his excavations in Syria and Iraq. By successfully staying out of the media’s spotlight, she ultimately found happiness with her beloved husband. Her best novels were written after 1930, and she continued writing until 1973. She died peacefully in 1976.

1- Agatha Christie was educated__________.
   a- by her parents
   b- at school
c- by her husband
d- at the local college

2- In 1914, Agatha Christie became __________.
   a- a teacher in a school
   b- a nurse in a hospital
   c- a famous writer
   d- an archaeologist in Baghdad

3- The Mysterious Affair at Styles was Agatha's __________ detective novel.
   a- third
   b- last
   c- first
   d- second

4- Agatha got divorced from___________ in 1926.
   a- Archibald Christie
   b- Max Mallowan
   c- Frederick Miller
   d- Herule Poirot

5- Agathat's best novels were written __________ 1930.
   a- before
   b- after
   c- during
   d- until

6- Working as a nurse helped Agatha in__________.
   a- writing detective novels
   b- the media
   c- excavation in Syria and Iraq
   d- enjoying a very happy second marriage

7- Agatha Christie wrote__________ novels.
   a- 78
b- 4 billion 
c- 4,680,000 
d- 4 

8- The word "Her" in paragraph 4 line 12 refers to__________.
   a- Agatha Christie 
   b- the newspapers 
   c- Agatha's 
   d- the media  

9- Which statement is **TRUE**?
   a- Christie is the world’s most famous detective story writer. 
   b- Max Mallowan was Agatha's first husband. 
   c- In 1920, Agatha married Archibald Christie. 
   d- Agatha's second husband was a doctor in Iraq. 

10- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?
   a- Agatha's life was often lonely. 
   b- Agatha lived a happy life with her second husband. 
   c- Unfortunately, Agatha's father died in 1901 when she was 11. 
   d- Agatha loved the media. 

**II. Grammar: Choose the correct answers:** 

1- I___________ to Riyadh last summer.
   a- went 
   b- will go 
   c- goes 
   d- am going 

2- I visited my grandmother two days__________.
   a- last 
   b- ago 
   c- yesterday 
   d- before
3- When the phone rang, I___________ my homework.
   a- was doing
   b- do
   c- did
   d- were doing

4- I ___________ in Dammam when I was young.
   a- live
   b- lived
   c- lives
   d- living

5- Maha: When __________ Sara?
   Dina: I met her in 2000.
   a- do you meet
   b- you met
   c- you meet
   d- did you meet

6- While I___________ football, it started to rain.
   a- were playing
   b- was playing
   c- played
   d- play

7- I did my homework___________ morning.
   a- ago
   b- always
   c- yesterday
   d- last

8- Father: Did Sara finish her homework?
   Mother: No,___________
   a- she didn’t.
   b- she not.
   c- she no.
d- she did no.

9- Manager: __________
   Nabil: Yes, I did.
   a- Did write the report?
   b- Did you write the report?
   c- You write the report?
   d- Did write you the report?

10- Mother: What was Reem doing when I came in?
    Father: __________
    a- She was studied.
    b- She studied.
    c- She was studying.
    d- She studies.

III. Everyday English

1- A: __________
   B: Yes. It was excellent. The room was great.
   a- Did you enjoy the football match?
   b- Did you like the hotel?
   c- Do you like Shakespeare’s plays?
   d- Are you staying at the hotel?

2-A: Did you like your pizzas?
   B: __________
   a- I thought it was interesting. I took a lot of notes.
   b- I love it. It’s got six gears, and it’s brilliant on the motorway.
   c- They were delicious. John and I had tomato and mozzarella.
   d- It was really boring! I fell asleep.

3- A: __________
   B: It was a nice break, but the weather wasn’t very good.
   a- Did you like the hotel?
   b- Did you enjoy the football match?
   c- Would you like to have a cup of tea?
d- What was your holiday like?

4- A: __________
   B: I think they spoil them. They always give them whatever they want.
   a- Was the lecture good?
   b- What do you think of Jim and Anne’s children?
   c- Do you like Baker’s novels?
   d- Did you like the hotel?

5- A: Did you like the football match?
   B: __________
   a- It was really boring! I fell asleep and missed the only goal!
   b- They were delicious. We ate a lot that day.
   c- It was excellent. The room was very interesting.
   d- I didn’t like his first one, but I couldn’t put his last one down.

Test 12
Unit 4 (Intermediate)

I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Travelling to all corners of the world gets easier and easier. We live in a global village, but this doesn’t mean that we all behave in the same way.

How should you behave when you meet someone for the first time? An American or Canadian shakes your hand firmly while looking you straight in the eyes. In many parts of Asia, there is no physical contact at all. In Japan, you should bow, and the more respect you want to show, the deeper you should bow. In Thailand, the greeting is made by pressing both hand together at the chest and bowing your head slightly. In both countries, eye contact is avoided as a sign of respect.
Many countries have rules about what you should and shouldn’t wear. In Asian and Muslim countries, you shouldn’t reveal the body, especially women, who should wear long sleeved blouses and skirts below the knee.

In Japan, you should take off your shoes when entering a house or a restaurant. Remember to place them neatly together facing the door you came in. This is also true in China, Korea, Thailand, and Iran.

In Italy, Spain, and Latin America, lunch is often the biggest meal of the day, and can last two or three hours. For this reason many people eat a light breakfast and a late dinner. In Britain, you might have a business lunch and do business as you eat. In Mexico and Japan, many people prefer not to discuss business while eating. Lunch is a time to relax and socialize. In Britain and the United States, it’s not unusual to have a business meeting over breakfast, and in China it’s common to have business banquets, but you shouldn’t discuss business during the meal.

In most countries, an exchange of business cards is essential for all introductions. You should include your company name and your position. If you are going to a country where your language is not widely spoken, you can get the reverse side of your card printed in the local language. In Japan, you must present your card with both hands, with the writing facing the person you are giving it to.

In many countries, business hours are from 9.00 or 10.00 to 5.00 or 6.00. However, in some countries, such as Greece, Italy, and Spain, some businesses close in the early afternoon for a couple of hours then remain open until the evening.

Japanese business people consider it their professional duty to go out to restaurants after work with colleagues. If you are invited, you shouldn’t refuse, even if you don’t feel like staying out late.

Choose the correct answer:

1- In many parts of Asia____________.
a- you should shake hands to greet someone.
b- there is no physical contact at all for greeting.
c- you shouldn't avoid eye contact while greeting.
d- greeting is a sign of disrespect.

2- In __________, you should take off your shoes when entering a restaurant
   a- Japan
   b- Thailand
   c- Canada
   d- India

3- In Spain, lunch can last for__________
   a- 2 or 3 hours.
   b- 2 or 3 minutes.
   c- 3 or 4 hours.
   d- 3 or 4 minutes.

4- In Britain and the US, __________ to discuss business over breakfast.
   a- you aren’t allowed to
   b- you can’t
   c- you mustn’t
   d- it isn’t unusual

5- In most countries, __________
   a- you must exchange your card for all introductions.
   b- you may take your Visa card.
   c- you do not have to come early.
   d- you shouldn’t watch TV.

6- In Spain, __________is the biggest meal of the day.
   a- lunch
   b- dinner
   c- snack
   d- breakfast
7- In Japan, you__________ an invitation to a restaurant after work
   a- must refuse
   b- shouldn’t refuse
   c- have to refuse
   d- may refuse

8- Which statement is TRUE?
   a- In a few countries, an exchange of business cards is essential for all introductions.
   b- In America, you should take off your shoes when entering a house or a restaurant.
   c- In Italy, lunch is the biggest meal of the day.
   d- People can discuss business while eating in Mexico.

9- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
   a- In China, it is common to have business banquets.
   b- In China, you should take off your shoes when entering a house.
   c- In Mexico, lunch time is to relax and socialize.
   d- In China, it is common to discuss business during meals.

10- In paragraph 4 line 2, the pronoun them refers to__________.
    a- the business cards
    b- shoes
    c- the people
    d- your company name

II. Grammar

1- You must __________hard for your exam.
   a- to study
   b- study
   c- studying
   d- studied

2- Old woman: __________you help me?
Young man: Sure, how can I help you?
   a- Must
   b- Should
   c- Could
   d- Have

3- I __________go shopping next week. I went last week.
   a- have not
   b- have to not
   c- have not to
   d- don’t have to

4- You are not __________to wear Abayats in the classroom.
   a- can
   b- allowed
   c- have
   d- must

5- I __________to stay out late. My parents are very strict.
   a- can
   b- have to
   c- am not allowed
   d- could not

6- You __________drive if you are tired. It’s dangerous.
   a- shouldn’t
   b- not must
   c- not should
   d- should

7- Give me a call later. We __________go shopping together.
   a- have
   b- don’t have
   c- can
   d- had
8- You __________buy whatever you want with a Visa card. It’s up to you.
   a- can
   b- have
   c- should
   d- must

9- I __________wear a uniform at school. I can’t go to school without it.
   a- have to
   b- allowed
   c- can
   d- has to

10- He __________to work to earn his living.
    a- can
    b- should
    c- has
    d- must

III. Everyday English: Choose the correct answers:

1- Faten: Would you mind if I closed the door?
   Huda: __________
   a- Well, I’m a little busy right now.
   b- Please.
   c- No, not at all.
   b- I’m fine.

2- A: __________
   B: Yes, sir. I’ll bring it right away.
   a- Can I help you?
   b- Could you bring us the bill, please?
   c- Could I have extension 238, please?
   d- How about Could I have your mobile number please?
Test 13
Unit 5 (Intermediate)

I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Kevin’s ideal holiday has a little bit of everything. He likes lazing on the beach with a pile of books, but then he gets bored and needs to do something. He likes exploring new places, especially on foot, and nosing around in shops, museums, and restaurants. He is very into trying local foods.
However, he must confess that his favourite “holiday resort” is home. He travels so much in his job that just waking up in his own bed is heaven. He potters around the house in his pyjamas, reads the paper, does some gardening, shops for some food, then makes a delicious meal in the evening and watches a film on TV.

He has three trips coming up. He is looking forward to going to Canada soon, where he is staying for four nights at the Ice Hotel. This is a giant igloo situated in Montmorency Fall Park, just 20 minutes from downtown Quebec. It is made from 4,500 tons of snow and 250 tons of ice, and it takes 5 weeks to build. It will stay open for three months. When the spring arrives, it will melt. Then it will be built again next year—maybe in a different place! Each room is supplied with a sleeping bag made from deer skins. The hotel has two art galleries featuring ice sculptures, and an ice cinema.

Choose the correct answers:

1- Kevin’s favourite “holiday resort” is __________.
   a- home  
   b- office  
   c- museums

2- The Ice Hotel is in __________.
   a- Abu Dhabi  
   b- Canada  
   c- England

3- Kevin likes pottering around the house in his __________.
   a- training suit  
   b- uniform  
   c- pyjamas

4- The underlined word “It” refers to __________.
   a- the trip  
   b- the Ice Hotel
c- the stay

5- In his room in the Ice Hotel, Kevin can sleep __________.
   a- on a bed
   b- on a sofa
   c- in a sleeping bag

6- The Ice Hotel has an ice __________.
   a- Theatre
   b- library
   c- cinema

**Choose True/ False:**

7- Kevin’s ideal holiday is when he travels abroad.
   True                              False

8- Kevin likes trying local foods.
   True                              False

9- Kevin is going to the USA very soon.
   True                             False

10- The Ice Hotel takes 5 weeks to build.
    True                          False

**II Vocabulary**

1- It’s ___________ today. The sun is shining.
   a- rainy
   b- sunny
   c- foggy

2- The wind is __________ strongly. The trees are moving and the leaves are falling.
   a- shining
b- raining

c- blowing

3- In ___________ weather, driving can be dangerous because drivers can’t see clearly.

a- sunny
b- foggy
c- cold

4- The roads are ___________. Ice is everywhere and it’s hard to drive.

a- shining
b- windy
c- icy

5- It’s cold when it is ____________.

a- sunny
b- snowy
c- hot

6- When it’s ____________, we can’t see the sun.

a- shining
b- warm
c- cloudy

7- Water is everywhere. It has been _____________ all day.

a- snowing
b- raining
c- blowing

8- In dry countries, it rarely ____________.

a- rains
b- shines
c- moves

9- Children make a snowman with ____________.

a- rain
b- sun

c- snow

10- In very cold areas, the weather is often __________.
   a- snowy
   b- hot
   c- sunny

III. Grammar

1- There are a lot of clouds in the sky. I think it __________ to rain.
   a- will
   b- is going
   c- is

2- What __________ this evening?
   a- do you do
   b- are you doing
   c- have you do

3- I __________ shopping next weekend.
   a- go
   b- went
   c- am going

4- A: Oh! It’s hot in here!
   B: I __________ the window.
   a- will open
   b- am going to open
   c- open

5- A: “It’s Gina’s birthday next week.”
   B: Is it? I didn’t know. I __________ her a card.
   a- am going to send
   b- will send
   c- sending
6- A: Where are you spending your weekend?
    B: I haven’t decided yet. I __________ my friend.
       a- might visit
       b- visited
       c- going to visit

7- A: We don’t have bread for dinner.
    B: I __________ two loaves.
       a- get
       b- am going to get
       c- will get

8- __________ to Italy this summer?
       a- Is he travelling
       b- Does he travelling
       c- Has he travel

9- A: The phone is ringing!
    B: Ok __________ it.
       a- I am going to answer
       b- I’ll answer
       c- I answer

10- Jill __________ to London next month.
      a- flew
      b- is flying
      c- has flown

IV. Everyday English
1- A: __________
    B: Of course. Hop in!
       a- Can you bring me a cup of coffee?
       b- Can you take us to the airport?
       c- Can you carry the bag for me?
       d- Can I help you?
2- **A:** __________

   **B:** Take the Piccadilly Line, eastbound, and change at Green park.
   
   a- How are you doing?
   b- How do I get to Oxford Circus?
   c- How is the weather today?
   d- How did you find your holiday?

3- **A:** Can I take these bags on with me?

   **B:** __________
   
   a- No, thank you. It’s easy for me to carry both of them.
   b- I’m sorry. Only one item of hand luggage per passenger.
   c- I’d like to book a single room for two nights, please.
   d- The weather is very nice today. We can go then.

4- **A:** Excuse me; I think those seats facing the front are ours.

   **B:** __________
   
   a- Thank you we can sit here and watch the film.
   b- Oh, I’m sorry. We didn’t know they were reserved.
   c- Stand up and let’s go. We are so late.
   d- Our friends are coming now.

5- **A:** __________

   **B:** Thanks a lot. Do you want a hand with these bags?
   
   a- That’s all right. You can keep the change.
   b- He is coming. You can wait here.
   c- I think we are landing on time, aren’t we?
   d- Can you open the window, please?
I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Global PIZZA

So you thought the burger was the world's most popular fast food? In fact, there is another truly universal fast food, the ultimate fast food. It's easy to make, easy to serve, much more varied than the burger, can be eaten with the hands, and it's delivered to your front door or served in fancy restaurants. It's been one of America's favourite foods for over 50 years. It is, of course, the pizza.

A brief history of Pizza

It's kind of silly to talk about the moment when pizza was 'invented'. It gradually evolved over the years, but one thing's for certain - it's been around for a very long time. The idea of using pieces of flat, round bread as plates came from the Greeks. They called them 'plakuntos' and ate them with various simple toppings such as oil, garlic, onions, and herbs. The Romans enjoyed eating something similar and called it 'picea'. By about 1000 A.D. in the city of Naples, 'picea' had become 'pizza' and people were experimenting with more toppings: cheese, meat, anchovies, and finally the tomato brought to Italy from Mexico and Peru in the sixteenth century. Naples became the pizza capital of the world. In 1889, King Umberto and Queen Margherita heard about pizza and asked to try it. They invited pizza maker, Raffaele Esposito, to make it for them. He decided to make the pizza like the Italian flag, so he used red tomatoes, white mozzarella cheese, and green basil leaves. The Queen loved it and the new pizza was named 'Pizza Margherita' in her honour.

Pizza migrated to America with the Italians at the end of the nineteenth century. The first pizzeria in the United States was opened in 1905 at 53½ Spring Street, New York City, by Gennaro Lombardi. But the popularity of pizza really exploded when American soldiers returned from Italy after...
World War II and raved about ’that great Italian dish’. Americans are now the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world.

**Pizza Trivia**
1- Americans eat 350 slices of pizza per second.
2- There are over 60,000 pizzerias in the United States.
3- Pizza is a $36 billion per year industry.
4- October is national pizza month in the United States.
5- The world’s first pizzeria, the Antica Pizzeria Port’Alba, which opened in Naples in 1830, is still there.
6- Pizza Hut has over 34,000 restaurants and takeaway outlets in over 100 countries.
7- In America, anchovies is the least favourite topping.
8- In Japan, eel, lobster and squid are favourites. In Russia it’s salmon and onions.
9- In Brazil, they like green peas on their pizza. In Australia the favourites are prawn and pineapple.
10- The French love crème fraîche on theirs. The English love olives, tuna and sweet corn.

**Choose the correct answer:**

1- __________ is the world’s most popular fast food.
   a- The burger  
   b- French fries  
   c- The pizza  
   d- green salad

2- The Greeks made __________ and ate them with various simple toppings.
   a- picea  
   b- pizza  
   c- plakuntos  
   d- pepper

3- Picea was similar to __________.
a- plakuntos
b- burgers
c- macaroni
d- spaghetti

4- __________ became the pizza capital of the world.
   a- Rome
   b- Greece
   c- Naples
   d- Mexico

5- Pizza Margherita was named in the honour of __________.
   a- Margaret Tauter
   b- Queen Margherita
   c- Princess Margaret
   d- Lady Margaret

6- In 1905 __________.
   a- the World War II started in Italy and France.
   b- America was discovered by Italian explorers.
   c- the first pizzeria was opened in New York.
   d- Greece invented pizza

7- Which people are the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world?
   a- The Italians
   b- The Greeks
   c- The Americans
   d- The British

8- The word "them" in paragraph 2 refers to __________.
   a- picea
   b- pizza
   c- plakuntos
   d- dishes
9- Which statement is **TRUE**?
   a- Queen Margherita didn’t like the pizza made for her.
   b- The burger is more popular than the pizza.
   c- Greeks ate plakuntos with garlic, onions, herbs and other toppings.
   d- The pizza made for Queen Margherita was later called "vegetarian".

10- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?
   a- Tomatoes were brought to Italy from America and Canada.
   b- The pizza made for Queen Margherita was like the Italian flag.
   c- Meat, cheese, anchovies are some of the pizza toppings.
   d- Raffaele Esposito, the pizza maker, made King Umberto and Queen Margherita pizza.

**II. Vocabulary**

1- You can use fresh or __________ fish.
   a- junk
   b- fast
   c- frozen
   d- tasteless

2. ‘The meal was absolutely___________ , ' she said politely.
   a- capital
   b- delicious
   c- excited
   d- busy

3. Jeddah is __________ city. It has people from many different parts of the world.
   a- a cosmopolitan
   b- an agricultural
   c- a polluted
   d- a young
   a- fast
   b- plain
   c- capital
   d- university

5. My brother is___________. He likes to meet and spend time with people.
   a- sociable
   b- shy
   c- rude
   d- young

6. ____________ people can give good pieces of advice.
   a- Rude
   b- Elderly
   c- Tall
   d- Bored

7- ____________ dishes are often healthy.
   a- Starving
   b- Disgusting
   c- Plain
   d- Busy

8- Malaysia has old and ____________ buildings.
   a- modern
   b- fresh
   c- shy
   d- bored

9- Alexandria is an ____________ city. It was built many years ago.
   a- outgoing
   b- ancient
   c- young
   d- excited
10- I like my mother's ___________ dishes. She is an excellent cook.
   a- disgusting
   b- delicious
   c- tasteless
   d- tall

11. My sister is very ___________. She is very friendly and has a lot of friends at school.
   a- outgoing
   b- sophisticated
   c- starving
   d- antique

12. Jeddah has a lot of malls and fun places to visit. I think it is a/ an __________ city.
   a- polluted
   b- home
   c- industrial
   d- exciting

II Grammar

1- What's their house ____________?
   a- likes
   b- is
   c- like
   d- like to

2. A: What's Julie like?
   B: ____________
   a- She is fine.
   b- She is friendly and nice.
   c- She doesn't like football
   d- She'd like to go on a camping trip.
3. Ahmed__________?
   Basel: He'd like to go horse riding.
   a- What is Faisal like?
   b- What does Faisal like doing?
   c- What would Faisal like to do?
   d- How is Faisal?

4- I want __________ me with my homework.
   a- you help
   b- you to help
   c- you helping
   d- you helped

5- I am looking forward to __________ from you.
   a- hear
   b- hearing
   c- to hear
   d- heard

6- He enjoys __________ scary movies.
   a- watching
   b- to watch
   c- watch
   d- watched

7- Let me __________ when you are coming to London.
   a- to know
   b- knows
   c- know
   d- knew

8- A: __________?
    B: It's lovely! A perfect day for a picnic.
    a- How are you?
    b- What do you like?
    c- What's the weather like?
d- Where would you like to go?

9- He promised ___________ early tomorrow.
   a- come
   b- me to come
   c- coming
   d- came

10- I'd like ___________ you. What's a good time to call?
    a- call
    b- calling
    c- called
    d- to call

IV. Everyday English

Where would you see these sentences?

1- " For External Use Only"
   a- On medicine boxes
   b- At the airport
   c- In restaurants
   d- At schools

2- " Arrivals"
   a- At home
   b- In the kitchen
   c- At the airport
   d- In traffic

3- " Dry Clean Only"
   a- On clothes
   b- At cafés
   c- On the bus
   d- In parks
4- "Baggage reclaim"
   a- At home
   b- In classrooms
   c- At the airport
   d- On a desk

5- "Please place your tray tables in their fully upright and locked positions"
   a- In taxis
   b- In airplanes
   c- On phones
   d- In the country

Test 15
Unit 7 (Intermediate)

I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Dream Jobs
Stanley Karras works as a meteorologist in Tampa, Florida. It's his job to follow hurricanes by plane and provide information about them to scientists.

How did you get the job?
I was working for the National Meteorological Office in Bracknell, near London, in the autumn of 1999, and I saw a documentary with my family called Stormchasers. It was about hurricane hunters and I thought, 'Wow, that's an interesting job!' As it happened, two months later I came across an ad in a newspaper for a meteorologist to work in Florida with the same people who had made the documentary. I applied, was interviewed over the phone, moved to the US, and started work here in Tampa in May 2000.
What do you like most about it?
I love the travel. Chasing hurricanes has taken me all over the world. It's exciting to end up in different cities and different countries day after day. If you're a meteorologist, you have to love flying. I also love working with top scientists. I've learned so much from them and we've had a lot of exciting times together. For me, it's like a classroom in the sky.

What's an average day like?
There's no such thing as an average day in my job! It all depends on the weather, and you can't control that. It's constantly changing. We often take off at a moment's notice to chase storms. I'm the one who decides whether we fly low through a storm. I don't want to take us into a hurricane that could be particularly nasty. There's a lot on my shoulders.

Have you made any sacrifices to do this job?
Yes, one big one. I'm so far away from my family. They all live in the UK. My wife's with me, of course, but her family is also in the UK, so we're pretty cut off from them all over here.

What would you like to do next?
I'd like to join a space programme and be the first meteorologist in space, but I haven't come up with an experiment to do in space yet. There aren't any hurricanes!

What advice would you give to someone who wanted to do your job?
Study maths and science and get a degree in meteorology. There are many areas in meteorology to study. I've taken the hurricane hunter path, but you could be a weather forecaster or do research in other areas. It's a fascinating subject and the pay's pretty good.

Choose the correct answer:

1- What is Stanley Karras? He is ___________.
   a- an engineer  
   b- a meteorologist  
   c- a builder  
   d- an officer 

2- What does Stanley do in his job?
   a- He writes weather reports in his office.
b- He follows hurricanes by plane.
c- He works in a spaceship.
d- He studies at university and does research.

3- How did he know about the job?
   a- He came across an ad in a newspaper.
   b- A friend told him about the job.
   c- His father had a company and he went to work there.
   d- Stanley's uncle asked him to work with him.

4- What does Stanley like about his job?
   a- He likes the salary because it can help him travel around the world and see more countries.
   b- He thinks it's exciting to end up in different cities and different countries day after day.
   c- He'd like to be famous and make a documentary about hurricanes.
   d- He likes becoming a scientist and studying more about stars and planets.

5- Why does Stanley sometimes fly low through a storm?
   a- Because he doesn't want to fly high.
   b- Because he doesn't want to be taken into a hurricane that could be nasty.
   c- Because he wants to see the oceans and the green fields.
   d- Because he likes flying low in a plane.

6- What is Stanley's plan for the future?
   a- He wants to become a scientist and do scientific experiments in his own lab.
   b- He wants to join a university and study meteorology and do some research.
   c- He wants to join a space programme and be the first meteorologist in space.
   d- He wants to travel to the moon and get some samples to use in his experiments.
7- Stanley advises people who want to have his job to study__________.
   a- history and languages
   b- engineering and architecture
   c- math and science
   d- medicine

8- The word "them" in paragraph 3 refers to__________.
   a- Stanley and his colleagues           b- top scientists
   c- Stanley's friends                   d- chasers

9- Which statement is TRUE?
   a- Stanley is looking for another job.
   b- Stanley works in Tampa, Florida.
   c- Stanley makes documentaries.
   d- A meteorologist has a bad salary.

10- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
    a- Stanley’s family lives with him in Tampa, Florida.
    b- Stanley is a storm chaser.
    c- After the interview over the phone, Stanley moved to the US.
    d- Stanley has learned a lot from the top scientists who he works with.

II. Vocabulary

1- If you don’t know the meaning of this word, use a dictionary to
   ____________.
   a- look it up
   b- turn it on
   c- put it on
   d- take it off

2- ____________ your jacket. It’s hot in here.
   a- Get on
   b- Look out
   c- Take off
   d- Cut off
3- We __________ sugar. We need to buy some at the supermarket.
   a- put up with
   b- ran out of
   c- get on with
   d- came up with

4- I'm __________ living in my new flat.
   a- looking forward to
   b- looking up
   c- looking out
   d- looking at

5- He __________ of the window at the sunset.
   a- looked up
   b- looked for
   c- looked out
   d- looked at

6- How can you __________ such a noise? It's terrible.
   a- run out of
   b- put up with
   c- look forward to
   d- come up with

7- I __________ an old book when I was at the bookshop last week. It was a nice surprise.
   a- ran out
   b- came across
   c- looked up
   d- took off

8- The plane __________ and landed on time last flight.
   a- took off
   b- looked out
   c- turned on
d- came across

9- Can you turn the TV__________? I’d like to watch my favourite programme.
   a- off
   b- on
   c- over
   d- up

10- Do you __________ with your brother?
    a- get on well
    b- run out of
    c- look up
    d- come across

11- He __________ a nice idea for spending the next weekend. We all liked it.
    a- took off
    b- came up with
    c- got on with
    d- ran out of

12. Our neighbours have a big party but I cannot_______the noise from the music. I have an exam tomorrow.
    a- run out of
    b- look up
    c- put up with
    d- get on

13. __________ your shoes at the door. They are very dirty.
    a- Come across
    b- Take off
    c- Look up
    d- Take up
III. Grammar

1- They __________ here since 2009.
   a- have lived
   b- lived
   c- have been lived
   d- are living

2- My father's car __________ to the mechanic's.
   a- has taken
   b- has been taken
   c- is taking
   d- takes

3- I haven't finished my work __________.
   a- yet
   b- just
   c- ago
   d- never

4- Have you __________ been to Paris?
   a- yet
   b- just
   c- ever
   d- since

5- When __________ you born?
   a- are
   b- have
   c- were
   d- have been

6- My bedroom __________ three times so far.
   a- has painted
   b- has been painted
   c- painted
d- is painting

7- I travelled to London two years ___________.
   a- yet
   b- since
   c- for
   d- ago

8- I __________ an email.
   a- have sent just
   b- send have just
   c- have just sent
   d- just have sent

9- How many books __________ so far?
   a- have you written
   b- have you been written
   c- you have written
   d- you have been written

10- He __________ two prizes so far.
    a- given
    b- has been given
    c- be given
    d- been given

**IV. Everyday English**

1- A: __________
   B: I'm afraid Mr. Jackson's in a meeting.
   a- Can I help you?
   b- Can I speak to Mr. Jackson, please?
   c- Could you give me some information, please?
   d- Can I call later?
2- A: Can I have extension 2173, please?
   B: __________
   a- No, thank you. I can manage.
   b- Yes, please can I stay online?
   c- The line's busy at the moment.
   d- The waiter will come in a moment.

3- A: I'm afraid Mrs. Alice is not in her office at the moment.
   Would you like to leave a message?
   B: __________
   a- No, don't worry. I'll call later.
   b- Oh, dear! Where are you at the moment?
   c- What a wonderful surprise! I can't believe my eyes.
   d- I will come to see you very soon.

4- A: Can I speak to Mr. Smith, please?
   B: __________
   a- I don't know what to do.
   b- Speaking.
   c- Writing.
   d- Have a nice day!

5- A: __________
   B: I'm putting you through now.
   a- Can I have extension 3984?
   b- You can leave a message.
   c- Call later.
   d- Of course I will come on time.
I. Reading
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Giving Away Your Money
Many rich people are ambitious and hard-working, some are mean and uncar ing, but others see their enormous wealth as an opportunity to be generous to people less fortunate than themselves. These are philanthropists.

19th century philanthropists
The two richest men in history, America’s Rockefeller and Carnegie, both 19th century industrialists, were great philanthropists. Carnegie, who built the US steel industry, was once a factory worker. Like many philanthropists, he made his own way to the top, and never forgot the difficulties faced by ordinary people. He gave over $350m to libraries, schools, and universities, and started his own Foundation for International Peace. He believed that the rich should use their money to improve society. Be said, 'if a man dies rich, he dies disgraced'.

Modern philanthropists
Today’s philanthropists have billions, not millions, to give away. The most famous modern philanthropist is Bill Gates, who dropped out of university to start his own company, Microsoft. Gates would easily be the richest man in the world if he didn’t give so much money to charity. The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation is the largest private foundation in the world and donates $1.5bn a year, much of it to fund health projects in Africa.

Chuck Feeney, another American businessman, started as a radio operator and then made his fortune opening airport shops. 'I had an idea that you should use your wealth to help people', he says. 'I try to live a normal life, the way I grew up. I set out to work hard, not to get rich'.

Feeney put $9bn into *The Atlantic Philanthropies*, which funds medical programs in many countries, including South Africa, and Vietnam. *He* doesn’t own a house or car and flies economy class. His biographer says Feeney isn’t a typical billionaire: 'If you saw him in the street he'd probably be wearing an old raincoat, and he'd be picking up bits of rubbish and putting it in rubbish bins'.

Modern philanthropists are practical, and bring business skills as well as money to their charitable work. Many give to universities, knowing that if they fund research, it will result in knowledge that helps all of society. Mark Evans of Coutts Wealth Management in London gives advice to donors, he believes that successful philanthropy is enjoyable: 'The people we work with say that they have more fun giving the money away than they ever did making it'.

**Philanthropy around the world**

Philanthropy has always been important in the Muslim world, where *zakat* makes it a duty to give part of one's income to charity. Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum of Dubai has given $10bn, one of the largest donations in history, to create an educational foundation in the Middle East. Saudi banking billionaire Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi, who started life as a cook and a porter, founded the Suleiman Al Rajhi University, and has recently announced that he will donate most of his $6bn fortune to charity.

In 2011 China became the country with the second highest number of billionaires after America, and now has its own big philanthropists. Cao Dewang started as a salesman for a car window company, and is now Director of Fuyao Glass. He has given away over $750m, mostly to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation. When asked why he works 16 hours a day, Cao replied: 'To get rid of poverty. I grew up in poverty, I know what poverty is. In my life there is too much leisure. And if I played three games of golf, I'd spend the equivalent of a year's salary for a Chinese farmer.'
Choose the correct answer

1- The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation is __________ in the world.
   a- the largest private foundation
   b- a foundation for poverty alleviation
   c- a part of the Microsoft Company
   d- a new university

2- A philanthropist is the person who is __________.
   a- ambitious and hard-working
   b- mean and uncaring
   c- wealthy and generous
   d- less fortunate

3- The two richest men in history are __________ .
   a- Bill Gates and Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum
   b- Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum and Cao Dewang
   c- Rockefeller and Carnegie
   d- Cao Dewang and Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi

4- Chuck Feeney started his fortune by __________ .
   a- funding medical programs
   b- opening airport shops
   c- picking up bits of rubbish and putting it in rubbish bins
   d- wearing an old raincoat

5- Cao Dewang has given away over __________ million dollars to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation.
   a- 750
   b- 7
   c- 50
   d- 5

6- __________ founded the Suleiman Al Rajhi University.
   a- Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum
   b- Mark Evans
c- Bill Gates
d- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi

7- Why does Cao Dewang work 16 hours a day? ____________.
   a- To get rid of poverty
   b- Because he doesn't own a house or a car
   c- Because he's a salesman
   d- For no reason

8- What does the underlined pronoun "He" refer to?
   a- Bill Gates
   b- Cao Dewang
   c- Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum
   d- Chuck Feeney

9- Which statement is TRUE?
   a- Modern philanthropists are not practical, and they don't like bringing business skills to their charitable work.
   b- Philanthropy has not been important in the Muslim world.
   c- In 2001, China became the country with the second highest number of billionaires after America.
   d- Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum of Dubai has given $10bn to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation.

10- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
   a- Chuck Feeney started as a radio operator.
   b- Bill Gates dropped out of university to start his own company, Microsoft.
   c- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi started his life as a Saudi banking billionaire.
   d- Cao Dewang started as a salesman for a car window company.
II. Vocabulary

1- A: "This is a good book."
    B: "It's not only good, but it's also__________. I've read it three times so far, and I still find it very interesting."
    a- exhausting
    b- tired
    c- fantastic
    d- disgusting

2- I was __________ when I saw how big the gift was.
    a- amazed
    b- fantastic
    c- exhausting
    d- hungry

3- The baby was __________. She ate two more meals than usual.
    a- amazed
    b- starving
    c- thrilled
    d- delicious

4- That food is __________. I'm going to order another meal to take home.
    a- hungry
    b- tired
    c- amazed
    d- delicious

5- When the child saw the bike he got for his birthday, he was __________.
    a- thrilled
    b- delicious
    c- awful
    d- disgusting
6- I saw a comedy film yesterday. It was ___________.
   a- amazed
   b- hilarious
   c- starving
   d- hungry

7- After studying for 24 hours, I feel really ___________.
   a- exhausted
   b- hilarious
   c- delicious
   d- tasty

8- The party I attended yesterday was ___________. I couldn't stand it, and I left very early.
   a- delicious
   b- hungry
   c- tasty
   d- horrible

9- Sarah was ___________ yesterday night. She heard strange sounds coming from that dark room.
   a- hilarious
   b- starving
   c- terrified
   d- tasty

10- The child's mother was ___________ with him when she knew that he broke her favourite vase.
    a- tasty
    b- furious
    c- delicious
    d- hungry
III. Grammar

1- If it rains, I __________ at home.
   a- would stay
   b- will stay
   c- stay
   d- stayed

2- Go home and have some rest if you __________ ill.
   a- will feel
   b- felt
   c- feel
   d- were feeling

3- If I __________ $5 million, I would buy an island.
   a- have
   b- has
   c- had
   d- having

4- You have to work hard if you __________ to succeed.
   a- want
   b- wants
   c- wanted
   d- wanting

5- What __________ you do if you saw a snake?
   a- will
   b- would
   c- can
   d- have

6- If you are late, we __________ wait for you.
   a- wouldn't
   b- won't
   c- haven't
7- If you finished your work, you ___________ a break.
   a- can take  
   b- could take  
   c- could took  
   d- can takes

8- If you ___________ help, who would you ask?
   a- needs  
   b- need  
   c- needed  
   d- will need

9- If I ___________ my job, I will search for a new one.
   a- lost  
   b- will lose  
   c- am losing  
   d- lose

10- ___________ you open the door for me?
   a- If  
   b- Would  
   c- What  
   d- Who

11- If I have time, I __________ you at the weekend.
   a- to see  
   b- 'll see  
   c- 'd see  
   d- saw

12- If I __________ some money, I'd go on holiday.
   a- had  
   b- have  
   c- 'll have
IV. Everyday English

1- A: "I need to buy many things for our trip tomorrow."
   B: __________
   a- "If I were you, I'd get a job."
   b- "Let's go shopping!"
   c- "Why don't you go for a walk?"
   d- "You'd better call your parents."

2- A: "My head is killing me, and my nose is running."
   B: __________
   a- "Why don't you go to the beach?"
   b- "You should play basketball."
   c- "You should go to bed and drink something hot."
   d- "Oh that's great!"

3- A: "I feel bored, and there's nothing on TV tonight."
   B: __________
   a- "You should see the doctor."
   b- "Let's go out and have a pizza."
   c- "You should ask your parents about it."
   d- "I can lend you some money."

4- A: "I've just got a new job in Japan, and I don't know any Japanese."
   B: __________
   a- "I can lend you some money"
   b- "Why don't you take a Japanese language course?"
   c- "You should see the doctor."
   d- "Let's go out and have a pizza."

5- A: "I need a new car soon, and I don't think I have enough money."
   B: __________
a- "Why don't you get a loan from the bank?"
b- "You should see the doctor."
c- "Let's go out and have a pizza."
d- "You should play basketball."

6- A: __________
   B: That's a good idea
   a- Let's have a cup of tea!
   b- That would be great.
   c- I don't feel like it.

7- A: If I were you, I'd study harder.
   B: __________.
   a- I like shopping.
   b- Good idea, but I'm bored.
   c- My sister is sick.

Test 17
Unit 9 (Intermediate)

I. Vocabulary

1- You can depend on him. He is very __________.
   a- reliable
   b- moody
   c- lazy

2- She always chats to her friends. She is really __________.
   a- untidy
   b- talkative
   c- shy

3- He wants to get a good job in the future. He is very __________.
a- ambitious
b- reserved
c- easy going

4- My brother is very __________. He has a lot of friends.
   a- sensitive
   b- impatient
   c- sociable

5- Hind is very __________. She often gives presents to her friends.
   a- generous
   b- lazy
   c- talkative

6- His room is always messy. He is __________.
   a- moody
   b- talkative
   c- untidy

7- His boss likes him because he is a __________ employee.
   a- lazy
   b- hardworking
   c- moody

8- Marwan gets annoyed very easily. He is __________.
   a- generous
   b- shy
   c- impatient

9- He is very __________. He doesn’t want to do anything. He just wants to sit and do nothing.
   a- lazy
   b- hardworking
   c- sociable

10- Don’t be __________! You should meet new people and have friends.
a- optimistic  
b- shy  
c- ambitious

II. Grammar

1- Adel drives a Rolls Royce. He __________ rich.
   a- must be  
   b- can't be  
   c- couldn't be

2- Huda isn't at home. She __________ shopping. I'm not sure.
   a- must be  
   b- might be  
   c- can't be

3- The streets are wet today. It __________ raining all night yesterday.
   a- can't have been  
   b- must have been  
   c- could have been

4- Hanaa forgot her camera. She __________ any photos.
   a- must have taken  
   b- couldn't have taken  
   c- could have taken

5- I can't find my keys. I __________ them at home.
   a- can't forget  
   b- must have forgotten  
   c- could have forget

6- It __________ have been Bill that you met at the library. I am sure. Bill is still in France.
   a- must  
   b- can't
c- could

7- You must ___________ hard before exams.
   a- to study
   b- studying
   c- study

8- He might have ___________ his friend at the party last night.
   a- meet
   b- met
   c- meeting

9- We ___________ the sea from our room.
   a- can to see
   b- can see
   c- can seeing

10- You ___________ ill. You look very tired.
    a- can’t
    b- don’t be
    c- must be

11- She never speaks to anyone. She ___________ very shy.
    a- can’t be
    b- couldn’t be
    c- must be

12- They look very young. They ___________ a son of twenty.
    a- can’t have
    b- could have
    c- must have

13- A: Do you know where Ahmed is?
    B: He ___________ at home. I’m not sure.
    a- might
    b- must be
c- can't be

**Everyday English:**

1- A: I'm going to university next year.  
   B: __________________________.  
      a- so do I  
      b- so am I  
      c- neither do I

2- A: I don't play basketball.  
   B: __________________________.  
      a- neither do I  
      b- so do  
      c- so am I

---

**Test 18**

**Unit 10 (Intermediate)**

**I. Vocabulary**

1- I love chocolate. I really__________ it.  
   a- can't stand  
   b- adore  
   c- hate  
   d- dislike

2- I hate eating meat. In fact, I ___________ it.  
   a- adore  
   b- love  
   c- loathe  
   d- like
3- Faisal is __________ about football. He likes watching football matches a lot.
   a- fed up
   b- crazy
   c- not that keen
   d- fond

4- I don’t like Mr. Jack. I even __________ talking to him.
   a- adore
   b- love
   c- can’t bear
   d- can’t wait

5- They are very __________ of their children. They give them what they need.
   a- fond
   b- crazy
   c- keen
   d- serious

6- He’s __________ on playing chess. He likes it very much.
   a- fed
   b- keen
   c- crazy
   d- fond

7- I’m not __________ on watching TV programmes.
   a- that keen
   b- fond
   c- crazy
   d- fed

8- We don’t __________ drinking green tea. We quite like it.
   a- bear
   b- stand
   c- mind
d- have

9- She is very __________ of visiting museums.
   a- fond  
b- crazy  
c- fed  
d- keen

10- Maha is __________about buying fashion magazines. She likes reading them a lot.
    a- fond  
b- crazy  
c- fed  
d- keen

II. Grammar

1- He __________here for ten years. He __________a lot of people.
   a- has been lived / knew  
b- has been living / knows  
c- lives / knows  
d- is living / knows

2- I __________doing my homework.
   a- just have finished  
b- have just finished  
c- have finished just  
d- finishes have just

3- He was born __________ 2002.
   a- on  
b- in  
c- of  
d- at

4- Maha met her friend __________evening.
a- last  
b- on  
c- yesterday  
d- at  

5- They slept __________ the flight.  
a- of  
b- at  
c- during  
d- over  

6- He __________ his friend for ten years.  
a- known  
b- has known  
c- has been known  
d- knowing  

7- He ate in a restaurant two days __________.  
a- ago  
b- last  
c- past  
d- over  

8- They have been working in this factory __________ 1999.  
a- since  
b- for  
c- in  
d- on  

9- She has been walking __________ half an hour.  
a- since  
b- for  
c- in  
d- at  

10- I've been playing football since I __________ eight.
11. Someone ________ my chocolate. There's only half of it left.
   a- eating
   b- have been eating
   c- eaten
   d- ate

12. I've got a terrible headache. The neighbours ________ loud music all day.
   a- playing
   b- played
   c- have been playing
   d- have played

13. What _________? Your clothing are covered in flour!
   a- have you been doing
   b- have you done
   c- have you did
   d- have you doing

14. We ________ for hours.
   a- have been driving
   b- to drive
   c- drove
   d- driving

15. The children _________. Computer games all morning and they are driving me mad!
   a- have been playing
   b- played
   c- to play
   d- playing
Everyday English

1- A: I've passed my English test.
   B: ________________________ .
      a- Ok.
      b- Congratulations.
      c- That's too bad

2- A: Are you coming with me to the party?
   B: ________________________ .
      a- What a pity!
      b- Good for you!
      c- Definitely!

Test 19
Unit 12 (Intermediate)

I. Vocabulary

1- You can __________ to your friends on the Internet.
   a- advise
   b- chat
   c- deny
   d- protest

2- The man was __________ of stealing the woman's handbag.
   a- screamed
   b- whispered
   c- accused
   d- gossiped

3- He always __________ with his younger brother. He doesn't get on well with him.
a- demands
b- quarrels
c- orders
d- recommends

4- When we arrived at the restaurant, we __________ pizza and French fries.
   a- criticized
   b- protested
   c- rowed
   d- ordered

5- He __________ his son not to be rude with people.
   a- advised
   b- screamed
   c- protested
   d- denied

6- I don't like people __________ about me.
   a- recommending
   b- gossiping
   c- accusing
   d- denying

7- She __________ when she saw the mad dog in the street.
   a- chatted
   b- ordered
   c- screamed
   d- criticized

8- I __________ that you buy a new computer.
   a- recommend
   b- scream
   c- accuse
   d- gossip
9- When you __________ something, you say it very quietly.
   a- demand  
   b- whisper  
   c- scream  
   d- row

10- Jack __________ that he had broken the window, but I’m sure he did.
   a- denied  
   b- accused  
   c- ordered  
   d- rowed

II. Everyday English

1- A: __________
   B: Well done. Better late than never.
   a- I'm always on time.  
   b- I forgot her birthday, so I sent her a text.  
   c- I feel very worried about my lessons.  
   d- That's a great mistake. Don't do that again.

2- A: __________
   B: Well I never! You learn something new every day.
   a- How about going to the cinema next Friday?  
   b- Great minds think alike.  
   c- Did you know 25% of the world speaks English?
   d- I will never learn anything in my life.

3- A: I wonder if he'll be happy in his job.
   B: __________
   a- Only time will tell.  
   b- Good idea!
   c- I'm sure it's tough.
d- Rather you than me.

4- A: I'm going to pack some anti-malaria tablets.
   B: __________
   a- I know he will not come with us.
   b- Why are you standing here?
   c- Good idea. Better safe than sorry.
   d- It's all right for some.

5- A: __________
   B: You did your best. You can't do any more.
   a- I'm very happy with my work. I feel completely satisfied.
   b- I had a nice time in London last holiday. It was wonderful.
   c- I worked so hard for that exam, but I still got a bad mark.
   d- Cheer up! It's not the end of the world. Try again once more.
**Answer Key**

**Test 1 - Unit 3 (Pre-Intermediate)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Grammar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1- Did Sarah __________ you to her wedding?</td>
<td>1- I __________ arrive early yesterday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- invite</td>
<td>c- didn’t</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2- Mona is a very __________ girl.</td>
<td>2- Amna: When __________ you __________ to Cairo?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- beautiful</td>
<td>Mahasen: A year ago.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3- You must __________ your handwriting.</td>
<td>3- While I was cooking, the bell __________.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- improve</td>
<td>b- rang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4- A good Muslim shouldn’t be __________ polite.</td>
<td>4- It __________ when I woke up this morning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c- im</td>
<td>d- was raining</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5- Salim does not have a job. He is __________.</td>
<td>5- I __________ Suha while I __________ in London.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d- unemployed</td>
<td>b- met / was living</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6- I __________ reading English books.</td>
<td>6- What __________ this time yesterday?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- enjoy</td>
<td>7- I met him __________ six yesterday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7- All the students like Ms. Amal. She is a very __________ teacher.</td>
<td>8- Sarah and I __________ in the street when we __________ a little child crying.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- friendly</td>
<td>9- What __________ from 6 to 8 yesterday?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8- Mona Zaki is a __________ actress. Everyone likes her films.</td>
<td>10- While he __________ his car, he __________ at the gas station.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c- famous</td>
<td>a- was driving / stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9- You should be __________ when you drive your car at night.</td>
<td>10- While he __________ his car, he __________ at the gas station.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11- Writers use their __________ to write interesting stories.
   a- imagination
12- She could not find her passport because her room is completely __________.
   b- messy
13- Shakespeare and Ernest Hemingway are __________ writers. They are known all over the world.
   c- famous
14- The teacher __________ the points that were not clear and the students understood the lesson.
   a- explained

11- __________ I was sitting in a meeting, my mobile rang.
   c- While
12- A: What __________ at 5 yesterday?
    B: I was watching TV.
    c- were you doing
13- We were having breakfast when she __________ into the room.
    a- walked

---

**Test 2- Unit 4 (Pre-intermediate)**

**Reading**

**Passage 1**

1- Bangkok is a city of contrasts because __________.
   a- it has new buildings and old markets
2- The canals were built by __________.
   b- the King of Thailand
3- What is the best way to go to the market?
   c- By water taxi.
4- In paragraph 3, line 3, the pronoun "He" refers to __________.
   c- a seller
5- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?
   d- The boats sell local food and coconut juice.

**Passage 2**

1- "Isle-sur-la-Sorgue" is the name of the __________.

**Vocabulary**

1- He went to the __________ to put the money in his account.
   d- bank
2- I had a headache, so I bought Panadol tablets from the __________.
   c- pharmacy
3- That __________ sells delicious doughnuts.
   b- café
4- There are some interesting magazines at that __________.
   d- news agent’s
5- Hassan bought __________ from a clothes shop in Tahlia Street.
   a- a shirt and a tie
6- I like this sweater.
   __________
   b- It fits me very well.
1- How ______________ money do you have?

Passage 3
1- In paragraph 1, line 1, the word “ancient” means ______________.
   c- very old

2- Where can you see snakes and drink Moroccan coffee?
   _____ c- In the main square.

3- In paragraph 3, line 4, the pronoun “them” refers to ______________.
   b- rugs

4- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?
   d- The souk is divided into many smaller souks.

5- Which one of the following statements is NOT TRUE?
   a- In the carpet souk, all the rugs are the same.

Grammar
1- How ______________ money do you have?

Everyday English
1- Nawal: Where did you buy that sweater?
b- much

2- Would you like to have ____________ coffee?

c- some

3- There are ____________ tomatoes left, but not ____________.

b- a few / many

4- We haven't got ____________ biscuits.

d- any

5- There is ____________ big supermarket near my house.

a- a

6- What's ____________ name of the restaurant you went to last night?

b- the

7- I went to ____________ England in the summer.

a- -------

8- Milk ____________ good for your health.

b- is

9- I'm going ____________ home.

b- -------

10- What ____________ amazing artist she is!

a- an

11- Can you buy ____________ bread and cheese for the picnic, if you want to help!

b- some

c- 12- There's ____________ oil in the bottle. We can't prepare dinner.

____ c- a little

Basma: From a ____________ near my house.

____ c- clothes shop

2- Ahmad: Can I try this shirt on?

The shopkeeper: Of course.

____ c- The changing rooms are over there.

3- Wiam: Do you have this skirt in blue?

Reem: Yes, what ____________ are you?

b- size

4- Ali: ____________

Shopkeeper: It's 50 Riyals.

a- How much is this shirt?

5- Shopkeeper: Can I help you?

Waheed: ____________

b- I'm just looking, thanks.

6- Rami: I'd like some chocolate cake, please.

Waiter: ____________

a- I'm afraid there isn't any left

7- Shopkeeper: ____________

Basil: Cash.

d- How would you like to pay?

8- Majed: Can you help me? I've got a bad stomach-ache.

Pharmacist: ____________

a- OK. You can take these tablets twice a day

9- Hazim: Good morning. Can I have a ____________, please?

Waiter: Certainly. I'll bring you an espresso in a few minutes.

c- espresso

10- John: Why did you go to the ____________?
13- __________ gold is very expensive.
   _____ a- no article

    Michel: I needed to send a parcel to my aunt in Qatar.
   d- post office

---

**Test 3- Unit 5 (Pre-intermediate)**

**Reading**

1- Getting education is very _________ for children of Gaza.
   b- difficult

2- There are about _________ schools in Gaza Strip.
   b- 640

3- Schools in Gaza have _________ shifts a day.
   c- two

4- Gazan parents _________ .
   b- want their children to learn

5- Young people of Gaza want the world to _________
   c- hear their voices

6- The Gaza Mono-Logues project of ASHTAR Theatre was in _________ .
   a- 2010

---

**Vocabulary**

1- Were _________ a picnic next weekend. Would you like to come?
   b- having

2- My sister _________ first in the last race.
   b- came

3- If you work hard, your dreams can _________ true.
   c- come

4- Lets _________ shopping tonight.
   b- go

5- He _________ a car accident last week.
   c- had

6- Why don’t we _________ out for a meal tonight.
   a- go

7- _________ and see me. I miss you so much.
   a- Come

---

8- All the workers are _________ a meeting with their manager
   c- having

9- I always _________ to school by bus.
   b- come
10- The pronoun "they" in paragraph 4 refers to __________
   b- young people

11- Ali did not go to school. He __________ a bad cold
   a- had

12- The girls __________ a great time with their new friend Noora.
   b- had

---

**Grammar**

1- We’d like __________ to Dubai for our summer holiday.
   b- to go

2- Sally hopes __________ a doctor.
   a- to be

3- I’m looking forward to __________ you.
   c- seeing

4- Ahmad finished __________ his homework early.
   c- doing

5- A: Which dress do you want, the blue one or the black?
   B: __________ the black.
   a- I’ll take

6- A: Why are you cooking so much food?
   B: __________ a party tomorrow.
   b- I’m going to have

7- A: The phone is ringing!
   B: Ok __________ it.
   b- I’ll answer

8- A: Would you like to come with me for a walk?
   B: Yes, __________
   b- I would

---

**Everyday English**

1- A: What’s the matter?  
   B: __________
   c- I feel nervous because I have an exam today.

2- A: I don’t feel very well.
   B: __________
   c- Why don’t you have some rest?

3- A: __________
   B: Good luck! Do your best.
   d- I've got an exam today.

4- A: My grandfather’s going into hospital for tests.
   B: __________
   a- I'm sorry to hear that, but I'm sure he'll be all right.

5- A: __________
   B: I know. We really need some sunshine, don’t we?
   c- I’m fed up with this weather.
9- They aren’t __________ married in June.
   a- going to get

10- My parents are thinking of __________ to another house.
    a- moving

11- They really want ________________ hard to get the best mark.
    d- to work

12- Next summer, I ________________ to London. My brother lives there. I have already bought the ticket.
    d- am going to travel

13- Scientists say the Earth ________________ suffer seriously if we continue polluting the air.
    b- will

14- I ________________ to drink some tea now.
    c- would love

---

**Test 4- Unit 6 (Pre-intermediate)**

**Vocabulary**

1- Ali’s bedroom is very___________. He doesn’t clean it at all.
   b- messy

2- A: Sally’s family is very rich.
   B: Yes, they are really ____________.
   c- wealthy

3- A: This movie is really boring.
   B: I know. I’m really ____________ with it.
   a- fed up

4- A: The weather is lovely today.
   B: Yes, it’s very ____________.
   b- beautiful

---

**Grammar**

1- A: ____________
   B: It has got beautiful gardens and interesting buildings.
   b- What’s France like?

2- The plane is ____________ than the car.
   d- faster

3- Tokyo is ____________ city in the world.
   a- the most expensive

4- Jeddah is ____________ than Beirut.
   a- hotter

5- Sami is the ____________ student in the class.
   d- smartest
5- A: Paris has a lot of new buildings. 
B: Yes, they are really __________.
   b- modern

6- A: The food was awful in this restaurant. 
B: Yes, it wasn’t __________ at all. 
   a- nice

7- A: This book is very boring. 
B: I don’t agree with you. It’s very __________. 
   d- interesting

8- Bill Gates is one of the most __________ people in the world. He made a lot of money. 
   a- wealthy

9- A: Is your Arabic teacher old? 
B: No, she’s very __________. 
   c- young

10- There are many __________ people in India. 
    d- poor

11- A: Mary’s uncle is very rich." 
B: "Yes, he is really __________, isn’t he? 
   c- wealthy

12- A: "Dubai has hundreds of new buildings." 
B: "Yes, it is a very __________ city" 
   a- modern

13- A: "Larry’s office is always untidy." 
B: "That’s true, it is very __________ all the time." 
   c- messy

14- A: "Henry is not wealthy, but he is very kind." 
B: "Of course, he is __________." 
   d- generous

15- A: "What an awful piece of cake."
14- A: "Mary’s uncle is so mean."
B: "Right, he is not ___________."
b- generous

16- A: "Mary’s uncle is so mean."
B: "Right, he is not ___________."
b- generous

17- A: "Ashley’s family is ___________."
B: "Yes, they aren’t very rich. Are they?"
b- poor

18- A: "This movie is boring. Let’s watch some"
B: "Yes, it isn’t ___________, is it?"
d- interesting

19- A: "Their children are so stupid."
B: "Yes, they aren’t very ___________, are"
d- brilliant

20- A: "My sister is old."
B: "Yes, she isn’t ___________, is she?"
a- young

18- London is as __________ as Paris.
a- expensive

19- This university is __________ than the other one in the city.
b- smaller

20- This bag is the __________ of all.
a- heaviest

Test 5 - Unit 7 (Pre-intermediate)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reading</th>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. Bruno and Maria are two famous ________
a- sportspeople | 1. __________ is a very popular dish in England.
b- Fish and Chips |
| 2. Most of the time, Maria and Bruno are ________
b- in different countries | 2. __________ Welcome to our programme.
b- Ladies and Gentlemen |
| 3. They got their new home ________
d- to get enough time together. | 3. How is your uncle? ________ There are good days, and then not such good days.  
a- Up and down |
| 4. Maria thinks that they are ___________.  
c- normal people | 4. __________, we reached home.  
b- At last |
| 5. Not like all famous stars, Bruno and Maria spend their evenings ________  
a- cooking and watching TV together. | 5. A: Do you like reading English books? |
6-Maria and Bruno want to retire because they want __________. to have some peace and quiet and be together.

7-Which statement is TRUE?
	d. Bruno met Maria at the celebration dinner of the Australian Grand Prix.

8-Which statement is NOT TRUE?
	c. Maria won a lot of formula one championship.

9-The underlined word retiring in the passage means:
	a- stop working.

10-The pronoun "they" in paragraph 1 refers to:
	c- Maria and Bruno

B: __________ I do. I love reading them.

b- Of course

6- This dish needs some __________ to be delicious.

c- salt and pepper

7- I like sitting in the backyard of my house. I do that to get some __________.

b- peace and quiet

8-A: Did you like the film?
B: __________ The story was exciting but the actors were not so good.

b- Yes and no

9- She arrived __________ last week.

c- safe and sound

10- He works very __________ to get his university degree.
	a- hard

11- I have __________ finished cleaning the dishes.
	c- just

12- A: Do you like cheese cakes?
B: __________, I do. They’re my favourite sweet dish.

d- Of course

Grammar
1- They __________ football for many years. They haven’t stopped yet.
	a- have played

2- __________ stories has he written?
	a- How many

Everyday English
1- A: Do you like crime novels?
B: No, __________.
	c- I don’t

2- A: Did you see the football match last night?
B: Yes, __________.
	c- I did
3- The children have been in bed __________ 9 o’clock.
   b- since

4- Have you __________ been to France?
   b- ever

5- I __________ my friend for a long time.
   a- have known

6- A: Has he finished his work yet?
   B: No, he __________.
   c- hasn’t

7- She has been a student since she __________ seven years old.
   b- was

8- She __________ to England in 2006.
   b- went

9- He has worked in the factory __________ six years.
   a- for

10- They __________ after a basketball match last year.
    b- met

Test 6- Unit 8 (Pre-intermediate)

Vocabulary
1. My alarm__________ wakes me up every day.
   b. clock

2. The traffic__________ became green as we were driving near the bank.
   c. lights

Grammar
1- You __________ to start work at 8:00.
   d- have

2- You __________ play sports to stay healthy.
   b- should

3- We __________ to buy cheese. There is a lot of cheese in the fridge
   c- don’t have
3. He sent me a text__________ to say he would be late.
   a. message

4. The roads are always crowded especially during rush__________.
   a. hours

5. You can pay by credit__________
   b. card

6. There was a terrible __________ in Turkey last month. Many people were killed.
   c. earthquake

7. I have a nice book __________ in my living room. I always put the books there.
   d. bookcase

8. Our teacher always asks us to _______ a conversation in class to practise speaking.
   c. have

9. You’ve become very fat. It’s better to __________ weight.
   b. lose

10. My sister is becoming fat, so she is going on __________ from next week.
    c. a diet

11. I do not know the way to the shopping centre but I can follow the ________ in the streets.
    d. signposts

**Everyday English**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1- A: What did the doctor do when you told him you had a cold?</th>
<th>4- A: What’s the matter with you?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B: __________</td>
<td>B: __________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c- I’ve got a cold.</td>
<td>c- I’ve got a cold.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. The pronoun “It” in the paragraph 2 refers to __________.
2. One of the following statements is TRUE:
   a. China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.
   b. The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.
   c. The first big industrial economies were in Europe.
   d. China

3. One of the following statements is NOT TRUE:
   a. China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.
   b. The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.
   c. The first big industrial economies were in Europe.
   d. China

4. __________ some exercise will keep you healthy.
   a. Doing
   b. Make

5. The country that has the biggest economy today is __________.
   a. China
   b. Made

6. Doctor: How do you feel?
   Woman: ___________________________
   and I can’t walk on it.
   Doctor: That’s too bad. Let me check it.
   b. I’ve twisted my ankle.

7. A: You look sick!
   B: Yeah! I have terrible flu. __________
   A: You should rest at home.
   d. I have a temperature and running nose.

Test 7 - Unit 9 (Pre-intermediate)

Reading

1. The pronoun “It” in the paragraph 2 refers to __________.
2. One of the following statements is TRUE:
   a. China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.
   b. The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.
   c. The first big industrial economies were in Europe.
   d. China

3. One of the following statements is NOT TRUE:
   a. China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.
   b. The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.
   c. The first big industrial economies were in Europe.
   d. China

4. __________ some exercise will keep you healthy.
   a. Doing
   b. Make

5. The country that has the biggest economy today is __________.
   a. China
   b. Made

Vocabulary

1-A: Do you ________ tired when you run?
   B: "Yes, I can’t run more than two minutes."
   c- get

2. Annie is a photographer. She likes to ________ pictures of animals.
   b- take

3. You need flour, eggs and sugar to ________ cakes.
   c- make

4. ________ some exercise will keep you healthy.
   a. Doing
6. Before you leave your flat, ________ sure that all windows are closed.
   d- make

7. Could you ________ me a favor? Could you help me carry this heavy box?
   a- do

8. I ________ my friend Noura out for a meal last Monday. We ate in the Italian restaurant.
   b- took

9. You can ________ a cold if you don’t change your wet clothes.
   a- get

10. If you don’t like the service in this company, why don’t you ________ a complaint?
    c- make

Grammar

1. When I call Manal, I ________ her to the party.
   a- will invite

2. Please, sit in the waiting room ________ I call you.
   b- until

3. ________ it’s sunny this weekend, we can have a picnic.
   c- If

4. Ameerah will watch T.V. ________ she does her homework.
   a- after

5. If I ________ my driving test. I’ll buy a car.
   b- pass

Everyday English

1. Receptionist: Hello, Weston Hotel. Ahmad speaking. How can I help you?
   Client: ________
   c. I’d like to make a reservation, please.

2. Receptionist: Certainly, When is it for?
   Client: It’s for one night, the fifteenth of this month.
   Receptionist__________
   a. Do you want a single or a double room?

3. Client: A double, please.
   Receptionist: Fine, I have one for you. And your name is?
   Client: Mohammad Salem. ________
   a. Can you tell me how much it is per night?
6. If I __________ money, I’ll buy a new car.
   c- have

7. When I get home, I __________ a bath.
   b- will have

8. If I have time, I __________ on a picnic.
   a- will go

9. As soon as he __________ his homework, he will call his friend.
   b- finishes

10. Give me your suitcase. I __________ it for you.
    c- will carry

4- Receptionist: Sure. That’s $95 a night. Can I have your credit card number, please?
Client: Yes, sure. It’s a Master Card. 4323 1436 0932 8842.
Receptionist: Thank you. __________
   d. Could I have a phone number?

5- Receptionist: That’s fine. __________
Client: Thanks a lot. Bye-bye.
   c. We look forward to seeing you on the fifteenth. Goodbye.

6. Receptionist: Hello. How can I help you?
Customer: __________________ 
   a. I’d like a room for the night, please.

7. Receptionist: __________________
Customer: No. I’d like to have a single room with a private bathroom.
   d. Would you like a double room?

---

**Test 8- Unit 10 (Pre-intermediate)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
<th>Grammar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1-Ali saw a __________ movie last weekend. It was all about ghosts.  
a- terrifying  
2- Manal’s trip to London was very __________. She enjoyed it very much.  
c- exciting  
3- Fatmah doesn’t like French. She thinks it’s a __________ subject.  
c- boring  
4- Manal felt __________ because she had worked for 5 hours yesterday.  
b- exhausted | 1- Choose the correct sentence:  
a- Ali used to drink a glass of water every morning.  
2- Choose the correct sentence:  
d- Manal is going shopping now  
3- I enjoy __________ short stories.  
b- writing  
4- I wish I could stop __________ forever.  
c- smoking  
5- I like __________ bread and cheese in the morning. It’s my usual breakfast.  
a- eating |
5-I like this book, it is really ________.
   a. interesting

6- Sara is having a job interview today. She is very ________. She is afraid that she might not get the job.
   b. worried

7- Ahmad is going to Paris next week. He is really ________. He feels very happy.
   b. excited

8- The girls saw a big spider on the wall, they became so ________.
   a. frightened

9- Mrs. Smith is ________. I enjoy talking to her.
   c. interesting

10- This lesson is very ________. I can't understand it.
    b. confusing

6- He __________ play basketball when he was young. Now he doesn't play anymore.
   b. used to

7- I managed __________ my work yesterday.
   b. to finish

8- I've decided __________ my next holiday in Turkey.
   a. to spend

9- Mary used __________ the piano when she was at school.
   c. to play

10- Let’s go __________!
    d. shopping

11- We went __________ yesterday. It was great.
    a. swimming

12- I used to __________ hard five years ago.
    a. study

13- She made me __________ although I was very sad.
    a. laugh

14- I went to the pharmacy ________ some medicine.
    a. to buy

Everyday English

1- There were ________ people at the party.
   b. so many

2. Maha has spent ________ money this week!
   d. so much

3. Mona and Ali are ________ nice people!
   d. such

4. They were all ________ worried.
   a. so

5. Paul saw ________ huge icebergs!
   b. such

6- Their room is ________ a mess! I don't know how they sit in it.
   b. such

7- Mary is ________ clever. She can answer all the questions.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test 9 - Unit 11 (Pre-intermediate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1- Your DNA is in __________.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- your hair and every cell in your body</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2- DNA tells everyone about_________.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- their families, health and personalities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3- __________ discovered DNA in 1869.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- A German scientist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4- In 1986, DNA was first used by __________.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c- the police</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5- __________ were given the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1962.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- British scientists</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1- Aspirin was __________ by Felix Hoffman.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- invented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2- He __________ me some information about cars.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c- gave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3- He always __________ his promise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- keeps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4- This bus can __________ 50 passengers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- carry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5- He is very good at __________ jokes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grammar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1- Where __________ these shirts made?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- were</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2- My brother __________ me a book recently.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c- bought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3- I __________ tea in the evening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- don’t drink</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4- He was brought up __________ his grandparents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b- by</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5- The pharmacy __________ medicines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a- sells</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
b- telling

6- My mother _________ me a nice present on my last birthday.
   a- gave

7- Are you the manager? We’d like to _________ a complaint.
   b- make

8- If you keep doing exercise, you will _________ weight.
   b- lose

9- Long ago, people went to America to _________ gold.
   a- discover

10- _________ your homework or your teacher will be angry with you.
    a- Do

   b- make

6- Have all the dishes _________?
   a- been washed

7- His bike _________ last weekend.
   b- was repaired

8- _________ you always wear jeans?
   b- Do

9- They _________ their way because they didn’t have a map.
   b- lost

10- _________ English at school?
    a- Is he taught

11- While I was doing the shopping, my purse _________.
    a- was stolen

12- A delicious cake _________ by my grandmother. I can smell it.
    a- is being baked

13- The computer _________ without my permission.
    a- has been used

Everyday English:
1-A: May I help you?
   B: I want a brown shirt medium size.
   This conversation takes place _________.
   a- at the clothes’ shop

2-A: Can I see your ticket and passport, please?
   B: Here you are.
   This conversation takes place _________.
   c- at the airport
Test 10- Unit 12 (Pre-intermediate)

Reading
1-Yellowstone is called a 'supervolcano' because it is ________
   a- huge and dangerous

2-The last time when the Yellowstone volcano erupted was ________ years ago.
   a- 640,000

3-If the volcano erupted, _________.
   a- hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250Kmph

4-Which sentence is NOT TRUE?
   a- A lot of people who visit Yellowstone National Park realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world.

5-Which sentence is TRUE?
   a- If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air.

6-The pronoun "them" in paragraph 1 refers to ________.
   a- people

7-The word “chatter” means ________.
   c- to talk fast on a not important subject

Vocabulary
1-He is going ________ to his home town tomorrow.
   a- back

2-Please take ________ your shoes before you get in.
   b- off

3-Ahmad puts ________ a nice red jacket when he goes to school.
   c- on

4- Can you ________ my baby when I am out?
   c- look after

5- He doesn’t ________ well with his brother. He always argues with his brother.
   a- get on

6- They stopped at the nearest petrol station because they ________ petrol.
   a- ran out of

7- Yesterday my car ________ , so I had to go to the mechanic’s.
   b- broke down

8-Manal is ________ to attending Sara’s wedding.
   b- looking forward

9- ________ the word in the dictionary. You will know its meaning.
   c- Look up

10- To apply for the job, ________ this form.
    b- fill in

Grammar

Everyday English
1- Sara might _________ football in the garden.
   b- play

2- If I _________ my medication, I wouldn’t become sick.
   b- took

3- If I had time, I _________ watch TV.
   b- would

4- What would you do if your son _________ the vase?
   b- broke

5- If I _________ you, I would study hard.
   b- were

6- I _________ come tomorrow. I haven’t decided yet.
   c- might

7- Would you travel round the world if you _________ enough money?
   a- had

8- If I _________ in a bigger house, I’d invite all my friends.
   c- lived

9- I _________ buy an expensive car if I won a lot of money.
   b- would

10- Manchester United _________ win the match. I’m sure.
    b- will

11- If I were a bird, I fly and _________ many places.
    b- would

---

1- A: _________
   B: Same to you. I hope we both pass.
   b- Good luck in your exams!

2- A: Did you go out last night?
   B: _________
   b- No, I didn’t. I went to bed early. What about you?

3- A: _________
   B: Oh, what a pity! That’s when we’re away on holiday.
   b- Can you come to my wedding?

4- A: _________
   B: I haven’t a clue. But you won’t need it. It is a lovely day.
   a- Oh, dear! I can’t find my umbrella. Do you know where it is?

5- A: Let’s go for a pizza.
   B: _________
   b- Good idea.

6- A: We’ve decided to get married.
   B: ____________________.
   c- Congratulations

7- A: Do you want to go out for a meal?
   B: ____________________
   c- Good idea.
12- People would spend more time at home if there___________no restaurants.
   a- were

Test 11- Unit 3 (Intermediate)

Reading:
1- Agatha Christie was educated___________
   a- by her parents

2- In 1914, Agatha Christie became a
   a nurse in a hospital

3- The Mysterious Affair at Styles was
   Agatha's __________
   b- first detective novel

4- Agatha got divorced from___________in 1926.
   a- Archibald Christie

5- Agatha's best novels were written ________1930.
   b- after

6- Working as a nurse helped Agatha
   in__________.
   a- writing detective novels

7- Agatha Christie wrote___________
   novels.
   a- 78

8- The word "Her" in paragraph 4 line 12 refers to ________.
   a- Agatha Christie

9- Which statement is TRUE?
   a- Christie is the world's most famous detective story writer.

Grammar:
I___________ to Riyadh last summer.
   a- went

2- I visited my grandmother two
days__________.
   b- ago

3- When the phone rang, I___________ my
   homework
   a- was doing

4- I--------in Dammam when I was young.
   b- lived

5- Maha: When___________ Sara?
   Dina: I met her in 2000.
   d- did you meet

6- While I__________ football, it started to
   rain.
   b- was playing

7- I did my homework___________ morning.
   c- yesterday

8- Father: Did Sara finish her homework?
   Mother: No__________
   a- she didn't.

9- Manager: __________
   Nabil: Yes, I did.
   b- Did you write the report?

10- Mother: What was Reem doing when I
    came in?
    Father: __________
    c- She was studying.
10- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
d- Agatha loved the media.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Everyday English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **1-** A: __________  
  B: Yes. It was excellent. The room was great.  
  b- Did you like the hotel?  
  **2-A:** Did you like your pizzas?  
  B: __________  
  c- They were delicious. John and I had tomato and mozzarella.  
  **3-A:** __________  
  B: It was a nice break, but the weather wasn’t very good.  
  d- What was your holiday like?  
  **4-A:** __________  
  B: I think they spoil them. They always give them whatever they want.  
  b- What do you think of Jim and Anne’s children?  
  **5-A:** Did you like the football match?  
  B: __________  
  a- It was really boring! I fell asleep and missed the only goal! |

---

**Test 12 - Unit 4 (Intermediate)**

**Reading:**
1- In many parts of Asia __________
   b- there is no physical contact at all for greeting.
2- In __________, you should take off your shoes when entering a restaurant  
   a- Japan  
3- In Spain lunch can last for __________  
   a- 2 or 3 hours.
4- In Britain and the US, __________ to discuss business over breakfast.  
   d- it isn’t unusual
5- In most countries, __________  
   a- you must exchange your card for all introductions.

**Grammar:**
1- You must __________ hard for your exam.  
   b- study
2- Old woman: __________ you help me?  
   Young man: Sure, how can I help you?  
   c- Could
3- I __________ go shopping next week. I went last week.  
   d- don’t have to
4- You are not __________ to wear Abayas in the classroom  
   b- allowed
5- I __________ to stay out late. My parents are very strict.  
   c- am not allowed
6- In Spain, _________is the biggest meal of the day.
   a- lunch

7- In Japan, you _________an invitation to a restaurant after work
   b- shouldn’t refuse

8- Which statement is TRUE?
   c- In Italy, lunch is the biggest meal of the day.

9- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
   d- In China, it is common to discuss business during meals

10- In paragraph 4 line 2, the pronoun them refers to__________
    b- shoes.

6- You _________drive if you are tired.
   It’s dangerous.
   a- shouldn’t

7- Give me a call later. We _________go shopping together.
   c- can

8- You _________buy whatever you want with a Visa card. It’s up to you.
   a- can

9- I _________wear a uniform at school.
   I can’t go to school without it.
   a- have to

10- He _________to work to earn his living.
    c- has

---

**Everyday English**

1- Faten: Would you mind if I closed the door?
   Huda: __________
   c- No, not at all.

2- A: __________
   B: Yes, sir. I’ll bring it right away.
   b- Could you bring us the bill, please?

3- A: __________
   B: No problem. It’s stuffy in here.
   b- Would you mind opening the window?

4- A: Could I have extension 238, please?
   B: __________
   c- The line is engaged. Would you like to hold?

5- A: __________
   B: Just looking, thanks.
   c- Can I help you?

---

**Test 13- Unit 5 (Intermediate)**

**Reading**

1- Kevin’s favourite “holiday resort” is _________
   a- home

2- The Ice Hotel is in _________
   b- Canada

**Vocabulary**

1- It’s _________today. The sun is shining.
   b- sunny

2- The wind is _________strongly. The trees are moving and the leaves are falling.
3- Kevin likes pottering around the house in his __________
c- pyjamas

4- The underlined word “It” refers to __________
b- the Ice Hotel

5- In his room in the Ice Hotel, Kevin can sleep __________
c- in a sleeping bag

6- The Ice Hotel has an ice __________
c- cinema

Choose True/False:

7- Kevin's ideal holiday is when he travels abroad.
False

8- Kevin likes trying local foods.
True

9- Kevin is going to the USA very soon.
False

10- The Ice Hotel takes 5 weeks to build.
True

Grammar
1- There are a lot of clouds in the sky. I think it __________to rain.
b- is going

2- What __________this evening?
b- are you doing

3- I __________shopping next weekend.
am going

4- A: Oh! It's hot in here!  
   B: I __________the window.
a- will open

Everyday English
1- A: __________
   B: Of course. Hop in!
b- Can you take us to the airport?

2- A: __________
   B: Take the Piccadilly Line, eastbound, and change at Green park.
b- How do I get to Oxford Circus?

3- A: Can I take these bags on with me?
   B: __________
b- I'm sorry. Only one item of hand luggage per passenger.
5- A: “It’s Gina’s birthday next week.”
    B: Is it? I didn’t know. I __________ her a card.
b- will send

6- A: Where are you spending your weekend?  
    B: I haven’t decided yet. I __________ my friend.
a- might visit

c- will get

7- A: We don’t we have bread for dinner.  
    B: I __________ two loaves.
c- will get

8- __________ to Italy this summer?  
a- Is he travelling

9- A: The phone is ringing!
    B: Ok __________ it.
b- I’ll answer

10- Jill __________ to London next month.  
b- is flying

4- A: Excuse me; I think those seats facing 
    the front are ours.  
    B: __________
b- Oh, I’m sorry. We didn’t know they were reserved.

5- __________  
    B: Thanks a lot. Do you want a hand with 
    these bags?  
a- That’s all right. You can keep the change.

Test 14- Unit 6 (Intermediate)

Reading:
1- __________ is the world’s most popular fast food.  
c- The pizza

2- The Greeks made __________ and ate them with various simple toppings.  
c- plakuntos

3- Picea was similar to __________  
a- plakuntos

4- __________ became the pizza capital of the world.  
c- Naples

Vocabulary:
1- You can use fresh or __________ fish.  
c- frozen

2. ‘The meal was absolutely___________,’ she said politely.  
b- delicious

3. Jeddah is __________ city. It has people from many different parts of the world.  
a- a cosmopolitan

4. Washington, D.C. is the __________ city of the United States.  
c- capital
5. Pizza Margherita was named in the honour of __________
b- Queen Margherita

6. In 1905 __________
c- the first pizzeria was opened in New York.

7. Which people are the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world?
c- The Americans

8. The word "them" in paragraph two refers to __________
c- plakuntos

9. Which statement is TRUE?
c- Greeks ate plakuntos with garlic, onions, herbs and other toppings.

10. Which statement is NOT TRUE?
a- Tomatoes were brought to Italy from America and Canada.

5. My brother is__________. He likes to meet and spend time with other people.
a- sociable

6. __________ people can give good pieces of advice.
b- Elderly

7. __________ dishes are often healthy.
c- Plain

8. Malaysia has old and __________ buildings.
a- modern

9. Alexandria is an __________ city. It was built many years ago.
b- ancient

10. I like my mother’s __________ dishes. She is an excellent cook.
b- delicious

11. My sister is very __________. She is very friendly and has a lot of friends at school.
a- outgoing

12. Jeddah has a lot of malls and fun places to visit. I think it is a/ an city.
da- exciting

Grammar:
1- What’s their house __________?
c- like

2. A: What’s Julie like?
   B: __________
b- She is friendly and nice.

3. Ahmed__________?
   Basel: He’d like to go horse riding.
c- What would Faisal like to do?

Everyday English
1- "For External Use Only"
   a- On medicine boxes

2- "Arrivals"
c- At the airport

3- "Dry Clean Only"
a- On clothes

4- "Baggage reclaim"
c- At the airport
4- I want ________ me with my homework.
   b- you to help

5- I am looking forward to ________ from you.
   b- hearing

6- He enjoys ________ scary movies.
   a- watching

7- Let me ________ when you are coming to London.
   c- know

8- A: ________?
    B: It’s lovely! A perfect day for a picnic.
   c- What’s the weather like?

9- He promised ________ early tomorrow.
    b- me to come

10- I’d like ________ you. What's a good time to call?
    d- to call

5- " Please place your tray tables in their fully upright and locked positions"
   b- In airplanes

---

**Test 15- Unit 7 (Intermediate)**

**Reading:**

1- What is Stanley Karras? He is ________
   b- a meteorologist

2- What does Stanley do in his job?
   b- He follows hurricanes by plane.

3- How did he know about the job?
   a- He came across an ad in a newspaper.

4- What does Stanley like about his job?
   b- He thinks it's exciting to end up in different cities and

**Vocabulary**

1- If you don’t know the meaning of this word, use a dictionary to ________.
   a- look it up

2- ________ your jacket. It’s hot in here.
   c- Take off

3- We ________ sugar. We need to buy some at the supermarket.
   b- ran out of
different countries day after day.

5- Why does Stanley sometimes fly low through a storm?

b- Because he doesn’t want to be taken into a hurricane that could be nasty.

6- What is Stanley’s plan for the future?

c- He wants to join a space programme and be the first meteorologist in space.

7- Stanley advises people who want to have his job to study_________

c- math and science

8- The word "them" in paragraph one refers to_________

b- top scientists

9- Which statement is TRUE?

b- Stanley works in Tampa, Florida.

10- Which statement is NOT TRUE?

a- Stanley’s family lives with him in Tampa, Florida.

I’m____________ living in my new flat.

a- looking forward to

5- He ___________ of the window at the sunset.

c- looked out

6- How can you _____________ such a noise? It’s terrible.

b- put up with

7- I ___________ an old book when I was at the bookshop last week. It was a nice surprise.

b- came across

8- The plane ___________ and landed on time last flight.

a- took off

9- Can you turn the TV__________ ? I’d like to watch my favourite programme.

b- on

10- Do you _____________ with your brother?

a- get on well

11- He ____________ a nice idea for spending the next weekend. We all liked it.

b- came up with

12. Our neighbours have a big party but I cannot ______ the noise from the music. I have an exam tomorrow.

c- put up with

13. ------------------------ your shoes at the door. They are very dirty.

b- Take off

Grammar
1- They _________ here since 2009.

a- have lived

2- My father’s car _________ to the mechanic’s.

b- has been taken

Everyday English
1- A: ___________

B: I’m afraid, Mr. Jackson’s in a meeting.

b- Can I speak to Mr. Jackson, please?

2- A: Can I have extension 2173, please?
3- I haven’t finished my work __________
a- yet
b- __________
c- __________

4- Have you __________ been to Paris?
a- ever
b- __________
c- __________

5- When __________ you born?
a- __________
b- __________
c- __________

6- My bedroom __________ three times so far.
a- has been painted
b- __________
c- __________

7- I travelled to London two years __________.
a- ago
b- __________
c- __________

8- I __________ an email.
a- have just sent
b- __________
c- __________

9- How many books __________ so far?
a- have you written
b- __________
c- __________

10- He __________ two prizes so far.
a- has been given
b- __________
c- __________

B: __________

3- A: I’m afraid Mrs. Alice is not in her office at the moment. Would you like to leave a message?
B: __________
a- No, don’t worry. I’ll call later.

4- A: Can I speak to Mr. Smith, please?
B: __________
b- Speaking.

5- A: __________
B: I’m putting you through now.
a- Can I have extension 3984?

Test 16 - Unit 8 (Intermediate)

Reading

1- The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation is __________ in the world.
a- The largest private
b- __________
c- __________

2- A philanthropist is the person who is __________.
a- __________
b- __________
c- wealthy and generous

3- The two richest men in history are __________.
a- __________
b- __________
c- Rockefeller and Carnegie

Vocabulary

1- A: "This is a good book."
B: "It’s not only good, but it’s also __________ I’ve read it three times so far, and I still find it very interesting."
a- __________
b- __________
c- fantastic

2- I was __________ when I saw how big the gift was.
a- __________
4- Chuck Feeney started his fortune by _________.
   b- opening airport shops

5- Cao Dewang has given away over ________ million dollars to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation.
   a- 750

6- ________ founded the Suleiman Al Rajhi University.
   d- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi

7- Why does Cao Dewang work 16 hours a day? _________.
   a- To get rid of poverty

8- What does the underlined pronoun "He" refer to?
   d- Chuck Feeney

9- Which statement is TRUE?
   b- Philanthropy has always been important in the Muslim world.

d- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi started his life as a Saudi banking billionaire.

10- Which statement is NOT TRUE?
   c- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi started his life as a Saudi banking billionaire.

---

Grammar

1- If it rains, I ________ home.
   b- will stay

2- Go home and have some rest if you ________ ill.
   c- feel

3- If I ________ $5 million, I would buy an island.

---

Everyday English

1- A: "I need to buy many things for our trip tomorrow."
   B: ________
   b- "Let's go shopping!"

2- A: "My head is killing me, and my nose is running."
   B: ________
   c- "You should go to bed and drink something hot"

---

3- The baby was _________. She ate 2 more meals than the usual.
   b- starving

4- That food is ________. I'm going to order another meal to take home.
   d- delicious

5- When the child saw the bike he got for his birthday, he was _________.
   a- thrilled

6- I saw a comedy film yesterday. It was _________.
   b- hilarious

7- After studying for 24 hours, I feel really _________.
   a- exhausted

8- The party I attended yesterday was _________. I couldn't stand it, and I left very early.
   d- horrible

9- Sarah was ________ yesterday night. She heard strange sounds coming from that dark room.
   c- terrified

10- The child's mother was ________ with him, when she knew that he broke her most favourite vase.
    b- furious
**Test 17 - Unit 9 (Intermediate)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Vocabulary</strong></th>
<th><strong>Grammar</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1- You can depend on him. He is very __________</td>
<td>1- Adel drives a Rolls Royce. He __________ rich.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### c- had

4- You have to work hard if you __________ to succeed.

a- want

5- What __________ you do if you saw a snake?

b- would

6- If you are late, we __________ wait for you.

b- won’t

7- If you finished your work, you __________ a break

b- could take

8- If you __________ help, who would you ask?

c- needed

9- If I __________ my job, I will search for a new one.

d- lose

10- __________ you open the door for me?

b- Would

11- If I have time, I __________ you at the weekend.

b- 'll see

12- If I __________ some money, I'd go on holiday.

a- had

---

3- A: "I feel bored, and there’s nothing on TV tonight."

B: __________

b- "Let’s go out and have a pizza."

4- A: "I've just got a new job in Japan, and I don’t know any Japanese."

B: __________

b- "Why don’t you take a Japanese language course?"

5- A: "I need a new car soon, and I don’t think I have enough money."

B: __________

a- "Why don't you get a loan from the bank?"

6- A: __________________

B: __________________

a- Let’s have a cup of tea!

b- Good idea, but I’m bored.

7- A: If I were you, I’d study harder.

B: __________________

b- Good idea, but I’m bored.
<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>a- reliable</strong></td>
<td><strong>a- must be</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2- She always chats to her friend. She is really _________</td>
<td>2- Huda isn’t at home. She _________shopping. I’m not sure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>b- talkative</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- might be</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3- He wants to get a good job in the future. He is very _________</td>
<td>3- The streets are wet today. It _________raining all night yesterday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>a- ambitious</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- must have been</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4- My brother is very _________He has a lot of friends.</td>
<td>4- Hana forgot her camera. She _________any photos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>c- sociable</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- couldn’t have taken</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5- Hind is very _________She often gives presents to her friends.</td>
<td>5- I can’t find my keys. I _________them at home.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>a- generous</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- must have forgotten</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6- His room is always messy. He is _________</td>
<td>6- It _________have been Bill that you met at the library. I am sure. Bill is still in France.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>c- untidy</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- can’t</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7- His boss likes him because he is a _________employee.</td>
<td>7- You must _________hard before exams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>b- hardworking</strong></td>
<td><strong>c- study</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8- Marwan gets annoyed very easily. He is _________</td>
<td>8- He might have _________his friend at the party last night.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>c- impatient</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- met</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9- He is very _________He doesn’t want to do anything. He just wants to sit and do nothing.</td>
<td>9- We _________the sea from our room.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>a- lazy</strong></td>
<td><strong>b- can see</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10- Don’t be _________! You should meet new people and have friends.</td>
<td>10- You _________ill. You look very tired.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>b- shy</strong></td>
<td><strong>c- must be</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11- She never speaks to anyone. She very shy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>c- must be</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12- They look very young. They a son of twenty.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|   | **a- can’t have**
13- A: Do you know where Ahmed is?  
B: He _________ at home. I’m not sure. 
   a- might be

Everyday English:

1- A: I’m going to university next year.  
   B: ____________  
   b- so am I
2- A: I don’t play basketball.  
   B: ____________  
   a- neither do I

Test 18- Unit 10 (Intermediate)

**Vocabulary**

1- I love chocolate. I really__________ it.  
   b- adore
2- I hate eating meat. In fact, I ____________ it.  
   c- loathe
3- Faisal is ____________ about football. He likes watching football matches a lot.  
   b- crazy
4- I don’t like Mr. Jack. I even ____________ talking to him.  
   c- can’t bear
5- They are very ____________ of their children. They give them what they need.  
   a- fond

**Grammar**

1- He ____________ here for ten years. He ____________ a lot of people.  
   b- has been living / knows
2- I ____________ doing my homework.  
   b- have just finished
3- He was born ____________ 2002.  
   b- in
4- Maha met her friend ____________ evening.  
   c- yesterday
5- They slept ____________ the flight.  
   c- during
6- He ____________ his friend for ten years.  
   b - has known
7- He ate in a restaurant two days ____________.  
   a- ago
6- He’s _________ on playing chess. He likes it very much.
   b- keen

7- I’m not _________ on watching TV programmes.
   a- that keen

8- We don’t _________ drinking green tea. We quite like it.
   c- mind

9- She is very _________ of visiting museums.
   a- fond

10- Maha is _________ about reading fashion magazines.
    She likes reading them a lot.
    b- crazy

8- They have been working in this factory _________ 1999.
    a- since

9- She has been walking _________ half an hour.
    b- for

10- I’ve been playing football since I _________ eight.
    b- was

11- Someone _________ my chocolate. There’s only half of it left.
    d- ate

12- I’ve got a terrible headache. The neighbours _________ loud music all day.
    c- have been playing

13- What _________? Your clothing are covered in flour!
    a- have you been doing

14- We _________ for hours.
    a- have been driving

15- The children _________ Computer games all morning and they are driving me mad!
    a- have been playing

Everyday English:

1- A: I’ve passed my English test.
   B: _________
   B-Congratulations.

2- A: Are you coming with me to the party?
   B: _________
   c- Definitely!
### Vocabulary:

1- You can _________ to your friends on the Internet.
   a- recommend

b- chat

2- The man was _________ of stealing the woman’s handbag.
   c- accused

3- He always _________ with his younger brother. He doesn’t get on well with him.
   b- quarrels

4- When we arrived at the restaurant, we _________ pizza and French fries.
   d- ordered

5- He _________ his son not to be rude with people.
   a- advised

6- I don’t like people _________ about me.
   b- gossiping

7- She _________ when she saw the mad dog in the street.
   c- screamed

8- I _________ that you buy a new computer.
   a- recommend

9- When you _________ something, you say it very quietly.
   b- whisper

10- Jack _________ that he broke the window, but I’m sure he did.
   a- denied

### Everyday English:

1- A: _________
   B: Well done. Better late than never.

b- I forgot her birthday, so I sent her a text.

2- A: _________
   B: Well I never! You learn something new every day.

c- Did you know 25% of the world speaks English?

3- A: I wonder if he’ll be happy in his job.
   B: _________

a- Only time will tell.

4- A: I’m going to pack some anti-malaria tablets.
   B: _________

c- Good idea. Better safe than sorry.

5- A: _________
   B: You did your best. You can’t do any more.

c- I worked so hard for that exam, but I still got a bad mark.
### Vocabulary List

#### Unit 3

**[Word Formation]**

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<th>Definition</th>
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<tr>
<td>danger</td>
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#### Unit 4

**[Negative Prefixes]**

- (un)packed (v)
- (im)possible (adj)
- (dis)agree (v)
- (un)tidy (adj)
- (un)fair (adj)
- (dis)like (v)
- (dis)appeared (v)
- (un)employed (adj)
- (il)legal (adj)
- (im)polite (adj)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tr>
<td>aftershave</td>
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<td>deodorant</td>
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<td>sweater</td>
<td>(n)</td>
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<td>medium</td>
<td>(adj)</td>
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<td>changing room</td>
<td>(n)</td>
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<td>(middle) shelf</td>
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<td>a pound</td>
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<td>cashier</td>
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<td>count</td>
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<td>customer</td>
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<td>sale</td>
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<td>locally</td>
<td>(adv)</td>
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<td>need</td>
<td>(v)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pick (= choose)</td>
<td>(v)</td>
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<tr>
<td>product</td>
<td>(n)</td>
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<td>shopkeeper</td>
<td>(n)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shopping list</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New Headway Plus - Special Edition
### Unit 5

- have
- an accident
- a meeting/picnic/meal
- classes
- the opportunity
- a cold/headache
- a good time

- go
- abroad
- out for a meal
- wrong
- out
- skiing

- come
- first/second/last
- and see me
- true
- round
- home

- tough (adj)
- rights (n)
- literacy (n)
- persuade (v)
- ambition (n)
- hope (n, v)
- involved in (adj)
- miserable (adj)
- opportunity (n)
- passion (n)
- terrible (adj)

### Unit 6

#### [Synonyms]
- fed up (adj)
- generous (adj)
- brilliant (adj)
- messy (adj)
- modern (adj)
- lovely (adj)
- bored
- so kind (with money)
- exciting (game)
- untidy
- new
- beautiful

#### [Antonyms]
- awful (adj)
- interested
- horrible (adj)
- mean (adj)
- old (adj)
- poor (adj)
- tidy (adj)
- nice
- bored/fed up
- wonderful/brilliant
- kind/generous
- new/modern
- rich/wealthy
- untidy/messy
- cosmopolitan (adj)
- luxurious (adj)
- eventually (adv)
- foreign (adj)
Unit 7
slowly (adv)  arrangement (n)
carefully (adv)  colleague (n)
usually (adv)  available
together (adv)  overweight (n)
hard (adv) to switch off (from) (expression)
still (adv) to go downhill (expression)
nearly (adv) likely (adv)
only (adv)  slave (n)
just (adv)  well-off (adj)
of course (adv) to take your time (expression)
at last (adv)
exactly (adv)
too (adv)
especially (adv)
owonderful (adj)
crazy (adj)
career (n)
celebrity (n)
prefer (v)

(Unit 8 cont.)
alarm clock (n)
car park (n)
traffic lights (n)
credit card (n)

ice-cream (n)

sunglasses (n)
timetable (n)
raincoat (n)
sunset (n)
earring (n)
signpost (n)
bookcase (n)
rush hour (n)
text message (n)
earthquake (n)
temperature (n)

have an infection (n)
make an appointment (n)

prescription (n)

have a cold (n)

have the flu

have a stomach ache

have a sore throat
diarrhoea
food poisoning

Unit 8
get a job
go to university
discuss problems
go on a diet
lose weight
do exercise
have a conversation
take your time
make a decision
### Unit 9
- economy (n)  
- economic (adj)  
- industrial (adj)  
- industry (n)  
- produce (v) (n)  
- product (n)  
- grow (v)  
- growth (n)  
- capitalism (n)  
- capitalist (adj)  
- pollution (n)  
- polluted (adj)  
- success (n)  
- successful (adj)

**take**
- someone’s place  
- (30 minutes/1 hour) to get (home / to work)  
- a photo  
- two tablets a day  
- somebody out for a meal  
- care

**get**
- smaller/bigger/better  
- ready  
- back home  
- angry  
- on well with someone  
- a cold

**do**
- research  
- homework  
- some shopping  
- me a favour

**make**
- mistakes  
- sure  
- friends  
- up your mind  
- a reservation  
- a complaint

### Unit 10
- frightening  
- frightened  
- exciting  
- excited  
- surprising  
- surprised  
- terrifying  
- terrified  
- boring  
- bored  
- exhausting  
- exhausted  
- confusing  
- confused  
- disappointing  
- disappointed  
- worried  
- worrying  
- interesting  
- interested

**adventure (n)**  
- concentrate (v)  
- fall down (phrasal verb)  
- go climbing (v)  
- handrail (n)  
- narrow (adj)  
- scared (adj)  
- steep (adj)  
- survive (v)  
- thrill (n)  
- wide (adj)

### Unit 11
- discover  
- a cure  
- the truth  
- gold  
- DNA

**tell**
- a story  
- a joke  
- a lie  
- the truth

**lose**
- weight  
- the game  
- the way  
- money
Unit 11 (cont.)

- keep
  - the peace
  - a diary
  - a secret
  - a promise

- make
  - a phone call
  - 1,000
  - a discovery
  - cars

- give
  - advice
  - a present
  - a lift
  - information

- carry
  - an umbrella
  - a gun
  - passengers
  - a briefcase

- miss
  - the family
  - the ball
  - the bus
  - school

weblinks (n)
structure (n)
company (n)
disease (n)
result (n)
search engine (n)
cell (n)

contain (v)
borrow (v)
commit (a crime) (v)
dream (v)
be related to (v)
experiment (n, v)
invent (v)

Unit 12

- ash (n)
- blocked (v)
- carry on (v)
- contaminated (adj)
- crops (n)
- erupt (v)
- evidence (n)
- huge (adj)
- shoot up (v)

[Phrasal verbs]

- (my car) broke down
- fall out with (someone)
- fall over
- fill in (a form)
- get on with (someone)
- get (something) out (of somewhere)
- go away (and leave me alone)
- go back (somewhere)
- grow up
- lie down
- look after (something)
- look for (something)
- look forward to (something)
- Look out!
- look up (a word)
- run out of (something)
- pick (something) up
- put on (something warm)
- sit down take off (your coat)
- take (someone) out (for the day)
- throw (something) away
- try (something) on
- turn (something) off
- turn round
- walk out
Unit 3

award (n, v)
based on (pp)
childhood (n)
compare (v)
contrast (v)
disaster (n)
educate (v)
encourage (v)
environmental (adj)
fascinated (adj)
handout (n)
hang out (= relax) (v)
homesick (adj)
honour (n, v)

Unit 4

behave (v)
bill (n)
bow (greeting) (n, v)
casually (adv)
colleague (n)
complain (v)
dish (n)
engaged (adj)
extension (phone) (n)
fasten (v)
gift (n)
global (adj)
guest (n)
guidebook (n)
host / hostess (n)
local (adj)
manners (= behaviour) (n)
modest (adj)
responsibility (n)
rule (n)

spoil (v)
strict (adj)
socialize (v)
status (n)
stranger (n)
stuffy (a room) (adj)
tip (=suggestion) (n)
valuable (adj)
Unit 5
- chilly (adj)
- clear (adj)
- cloud (n) / cloudy (adj)
- fog (n) / foggy (adj)
- ice (n) / icy (adj)
- lightning (n)
- rain (n) / rainy (adj) / rain (v)
- snow (n) / snowy (adj) / snow (v)
- stormy (adj)
- (thunder)storm (n)
- sunshine (n) / sunny (adj) / shine (v)
- wind (n) / windy (adj) / blow (v)
- climate (n)
- degree (n)
- forecast (n)
- heavy (adj)
- temperature (n)
- weather (n)
- item (n)
- land (a plane) (v)
- luggage (n)
- qualification (n)
- rare (adj)
- reach (v)
- recommend (v)
- spice (n)
- tip (money) (n, v)
- view (n)

Unit 6
- [Adj. to describe Food]
  - junk
  - delicious
  - disgusting
  - expensive
  - fresh
  - frozen
  - home-grown
  - plain
  - rich
  - tasteless
  - tasty

- [Adj. to describe People]
  - boring / bored
  - elderly
  - outgoing
  - rude
  - shy
  - sociable
  - sophisticated
  - starving
  - tall
  - young
  - vegetarian

- [Adj. to describe Cities]
  - ancient
  - busy
  - capital
  - cosmopolitan
  - crowded
  - exciting
  - historic
  - industrial
  - modern
  - polluted

- agricultural (adj)
- antique (adj)
- consumer (n)
- deliver (v)
- forever (adv)
- gradually (adv)
- have in common
- mix (v)
- outside (adv, prep)
- popularity (n)
- promise (v)
- reputation (n)
- succeed (v)
- topping (n)
- universal (adj)
Unit 7

[Phrasal Verbs]
come across
come up with
cut off
cut off from
end up
fall out with
get on (well) with
give up
go out
hand down
look for
look forward to
look out
look up
pick up
put up
put up with
run out of
take away
take off
take up
turn on

apply (v) / application (n)
average (adj)
career (n)
damage (n)
flood (n)
headline (n)
hit (v)
homeless (adj)
hurricane (n)
interview (n, v)
resign (v)
retire (v) / retirement (n)
skill (n)
training (n)

Unit 8

generous (adj)
ambitious (adj)
wealthy (adj)
to fund (v)
to donate (v)
to found (v)
to improve (v)

charity (n)
crisis (n)
drop out (phrasal verb)
duty (n)
fortune (n) / fortunate (adj)
organization (n)
philanthropy (n) / philanthropist (n)
poverty (n)
rescue (n,v)
survive (v)

Base Adj  Strong Adjective
big  enormous
important  essential
tired  exhausted
frightened  terrified
good  great, wonderful, fantastic, superb
tasty  delicious
bad  horrible, awful, terrible, disgusting
hungry  starving
angry  furious
dirty  filthy
surprised  astonished, amazed
happy  thrilled, delighted
funny  hilarious
Unit 9
Character adjectives
reliable
optimistic
sociable
talkative
reserved
shy
impatient
lazy
moody
hardworking
easygoing
untidy
cheerful
sensitive

Unit 10
absolutely adore
crazy about
(very) fond of
keen on
quite like
don’t mind
not that keen on
can’t stand
can’t bear
loathe

accustomed to (adj)
attempt (n, v)
passion (n)
qualify (v)
resources (n)
violent (adj)
worldwide (adv)

Unit 12
Ways of speaking
good idea
advise
suggest
recommend
social
chat
talk
gossip

disagreeing
row
quarrel
argue

in a court of law
accuse
deny
admit

volume
whisper
scream
shout

expressing dislike
criticize
protest
complain

giving commands
order
demand
tell

agree
discuss
persuade
promise